
The Forgotten Minorities

Yearbook 2026

Peoples and populations the world overlooks. The problem, the names, and what governments can do.



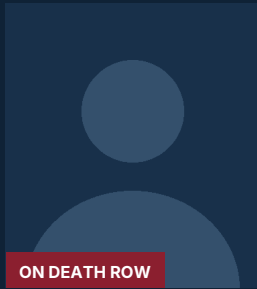
Jailed, missing, killed.

People from the chapters of this yearbook. Grey figures stand for those whose portraits we do not yet have permission to print, and for the many whose faces were never recorded.



JAILED

Mahrang Baloch
Baluchis · Pakistan



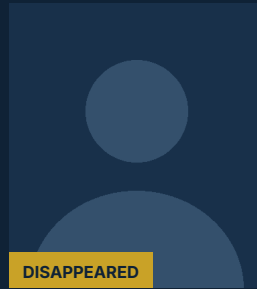
ON DEATH ROW

Pakhshan Azizi
Kurds · Iran



JAILED

Ilham Tohti
Uyghurs · China



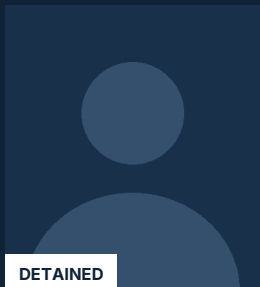
DISAPPEARED

Gedhun Choekyi Nyima
Tibetans · China



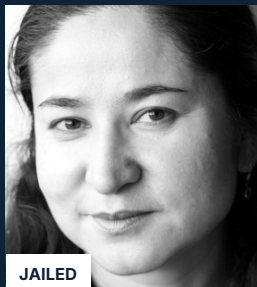
JAILED

Selahattin Demirtaş
Kurds · Turkey



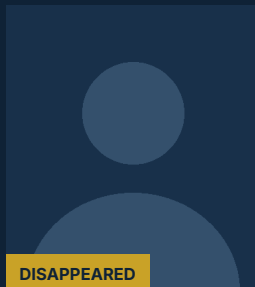
DETAINED

Peyvand Naimi
Baha'is · Iran



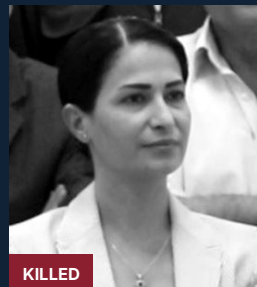
JAILED

Rahile Dawut
Uyghurs · China



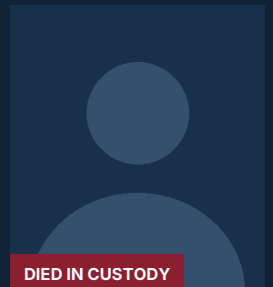
DISAPPEARED

Alia Azizi
Hazaras · Afghanistan



KILLED

Hevrin Khalaf
Kurds · Syria



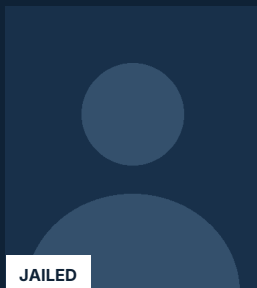
DIED IN CUSTODY

Stanislav Tomáš
Roma/Sinti · Czechia



DIED IN CUSTODY

Tulkun Hungkar Dorje
Tibetans · Died in Vietnam



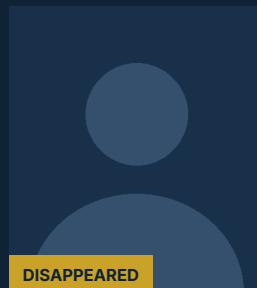
JAILED

Abdallahi Abou Diop
Haratine · Mauritania



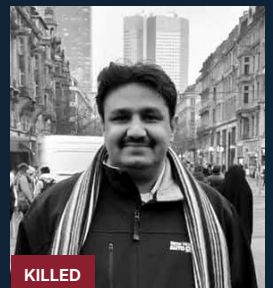
DETAINED

Naseh Shaker
Yemeni civilians · Yemen



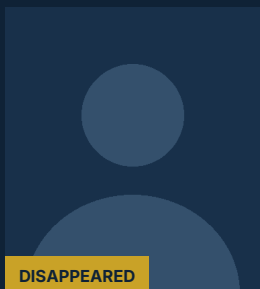
DISAPPEARED

Birq
Yazidis · Iraq



KILLED

Laeq Ahmad Cheema
Ahmadis · Pakistan



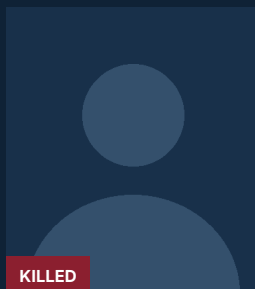
DISAPPEARED

Aloys Bigirumwami
Congolese civilians · Goma, North Kivu



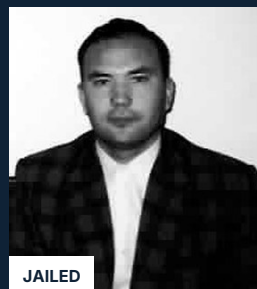
JAILED

Figen Yüksekdağ
Kurds · Turkey



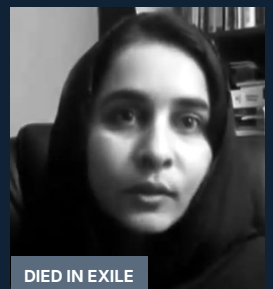
KILLED

Mohib Ullah
Rohingya · Bangladesh



JAILED

Huseyin Celil
Uyghurs · China



DIED IN EXILE

Karima Baloch
Baluchis · Died in Toronto

Portraits: 11 freely licensed (credits in each chapter), grayscale and cropped. Status as reported on the date given in each chapter.

Where attention is scarcest

While the world looks the other way, millions of people are persecuted, jailed, assassinated and executed, subjected to genocide, and denied basic human and national rights.

This is not an accident. It is rarely in the interest of powerful states and large nations that this suffering is seen. Democratic governments, too, often prefer good relations with the oppressors to the defense of basic rights. Real minorities have no powerful backers. Their supporters cannot fill the streets of Western capitals, and they cannot punish politicians at the ballot box.

That is why we are here: to direct attention where it is scarcest, however uncomfortable the truth may sound.

At Libera Mondo we try to document persecution honestly. Many victims are hard to identify, and many names will never be known. In some cases all we have are images of burnt camps or devastated settlements. Please remember that what is published here is, unfortunately, only a fraction of the real cases.

HOW THIS YEARBOOK WORKS

Each chapter opens with three pages: **the problem**, in three numbers and one chart; **the names** of people jailed, missing or killed, or the places where the harm can be seen; and **what governments can do**, with the lever and who holds it. Every chapter is also published on its own as a parliamentary brief, to be handed out separately. The briefs, their sources and updates are at libera-mondo.org/forgotten-minorities.

Libera Mondo · Prague, October 2026
Editor in Chief: David Abeles

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What the pages can and cannot tell you

STATUS TAGS

JAILED	Sentenced and imprisoned.
DETAINED	Held without a final sentence.
DISAPPEARED	Taken, with fate and whereabouts unknown.
ON DEATH ROW	Under a death sentence.
EXECUTED	Put to death by a state.
KILLED	Killed, as found by a court, a UN mechanism or the cited authority.
DIED IN CUSTODY	Died while held by a state; the state's account is given.
DIED IN EXILE	Died abroad, with what police found stated.

Numbers. Every figure is a minimum count or an attributed estimate from a named monitor, with its year. Counts from different monitors are never added together. Where a chapter departs from these rules, the page says so.

Faces. Only people whose cases are already public appear. A page is never filled with cases from outside its chapter: some chapters show fewer faces, and some show none. Portraits are printed only when freely licensed or used with permission; until then a silhouette stands in.

Places. Where no person can be shown by name, the chapter shows the place instead: camps, rivers or settlements, often in satellite images from the EU's Copernicus program. These pictures show what can be seen from space, which is less than what happened.

Positions and findings. Where Libera Mondo holds a position, for example that the treatment of the Uyghurs and the peoples of Darfur is genocide, the chapter says so in our voice. The findings of courts, UN bodies and governments are given with attribution, and so is the state's own account.

Sources and status. Bracketed numbers refer to the sources listed at the end of the book, and link to them in the digital edition. Statuses are given as of the date shown; people are released, sentenced and found.

Uyghurs

China (Xinjiang)

Since 2017, over half a million people have been prosecuted in Xinjiang, the Uyghur homeland, and its birth rate has halved. This is genocide. The UN found possible crimes against humanity; its Human Rights Council would not debate them.

540,826

people prosecuted in Xinjiang from 2017 to early 2022

China's own figure (Xinjiang procuratorate), not broken down by ethnicity. HRW. [1]

243

sterilisations per 100,000 people in Xinjiang in 2018 (China: 32)

Official data, cited by the UN human rights office (OHCHR) in 2022. [2]

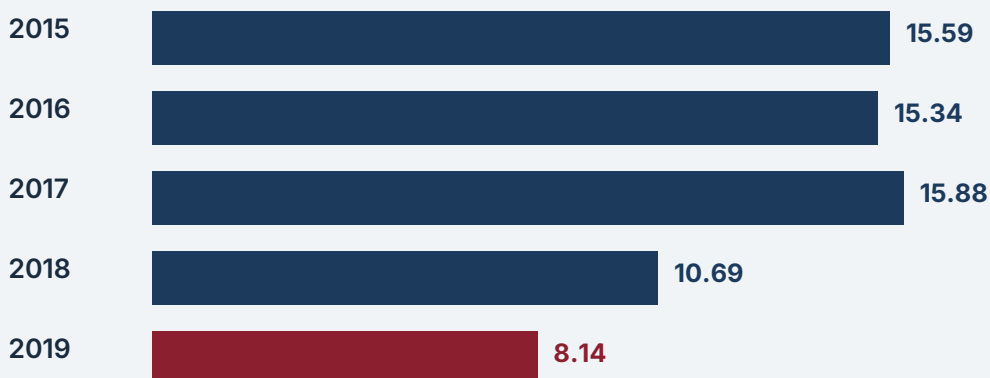
19 to 17

UN Human Rights Council vote in 2022 against debating the findings

11 states abstained. The motion failed on 6 Oct 2022. FIDH. [3]

XINJIANG / BIRTHS PER 1,000 PEOPLE

Official rate. Down 49% from 2017 to 2019 (China: down 16%). OHCHR: Uyghur-majority areas drove the fall.



Source: National Bureau of Statistics, China Statistical Yearbooks 2016-2020, table 2-8; OHCHR assessment, paras. 107-108. [4][2]

THE ASK

Ask your government to raise the people on the next page by name with China, and to ask for proof of life and family contact for each of them.

These are some of the names.

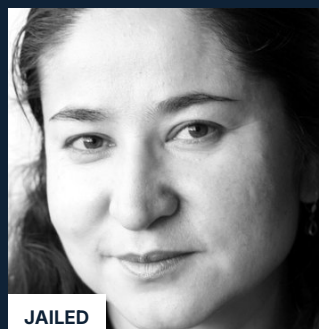
Each figure on page 1 is made of people like these. In 2025 Thailand deported 40 Uyghur men to China; Fortify Rights says 34 of them have not been seen since. Status as reported by the cited sources on the date shown.



Ilham Tohti

China · Jailed since 15 Jan 2014

Economist who worked for dialogue between Uyghurs and Han Chinese. Sentenced to life for 'separatism' in 2014; European Parliament Sakharov Prize, 2019. His family has had no news of him since 2017, CPJ reports. [src]



Rahile Dawut

China · Life term reported 2023

Folklorist at Xinjiang University, missing since 2017. Life sentence for 'splittism' upheld on appeal in secret. [src]



Huseyin Celil

China · Jailed since 2006

Canadian citizen handed to China by Uzbekistan; serving life for 'separatism'. China denies him Canadian consular access. [src]

Portrait pending permission



Portrait pending permission



Gulshan Abbas

China · Jailed since 11 Sep 2018

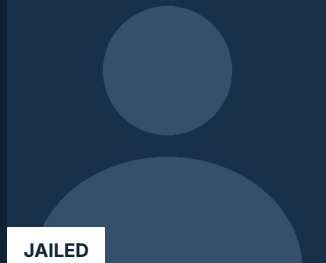
Retired doctor, held days after her sister spoke out in Washington. 20 years after a secret trial; China cites terrorism. [src]

Muhammad Salih Hajim

China · Death reported Jan 2018

Scholar, 82, who first translated the Quran into Uyghur. Died weeks after police detained him; no cause given. [src]

Portrait pending permission

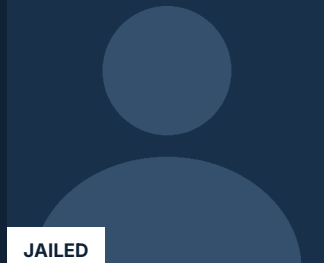


Ekpar Asat

China · Jailed since 2016

Entrepreneur. China told a US senator he got 15 years for 'inciting ethnic hatred'. No trial record is public. [src]

Portrait pending permission



Yalqun Rozi

China · Jailed since 2016

Writer serving 15 years over school textbooks he edited. UN experts found his detention arbitrary in 2022. [src]

Portrait pending permission



Mihray Erkin

China · Died Nov 2020

Scientist called home from Japan; died in a Kashgar detention centre. Police cited a disease, RFA reports. [src]

Portrait pending permission



Abdurehim Heyit

China · Missing since 2017

Musician. China issued a video in 2019 to rebut reports of his death. PEN America: whereabouts unknown. [src]

Photos: Voice of America (public domain); Lisa Ross (CC BY-SA 4.0); Tewpiq, crop by Wtmitchell (CC BY-SA 3.0); all via Wikimedia Commons. Grayscale and cropped.

Three things a government can do this year

Editorial options from Libera Mondo, separate from the findings. Adapt them to your parliament's powers.

1 Keep forced labour off the shelves.

The OHCHR found indications that Xinjiang's labour schemes may involve coercion. The EU Forced Labour Regulation bans products made with forced labour from 14 December 2027. [2][8] Designate and staff the national authority now, give Xinjiang-linked supply chains priority, and apply the same test in public procurement now.

Who holds the lever: Trade and economy ministries; customs; procurement authorities | **What counts as progress:** Authority named and staffed; first cases opened in 2028

2 Ask for the people by name.

Raise Ilham Tohti, Rahile Dawut, Huseyin Celil and the others on page 2 in every ministerial meeting and human-rights dialogue with China. Ask for proof of life, family contact and access for diplomats. Back a new Human Rights Council motion to debate the OHCHR findings; the last one failed by two votes. [3]

Who holds the lever: Foreign ministry; delegation to the UN Human Rights Council | **What counts as progress:** Proof of life or family contact; a Council debate

3 Do not send Uyghurs back.

Thailand deported 40 Uyghur men in 2025; Morocco held Idris Hasan for 43 months on a Chinese request that Interpol cancelled weeks after his arrest. Treat return to China as a risk of persecution in asylum and extradition cases, and protect diaspora families from harassment. [6][7]

Who holds the lever: Interior and justice ministries; asylum authority; police | **What counts as progress:** Published asylum guidance; no returns to China

ONE QUESTION TO TABLE

What has the government done to raise the cases of Ilham Tohti, Rahile Dawut and Huseyin Celil with the Chinese authorities, has it obtained proof of life or family contact for any of them, and what replies has it received?

Keep in view. Libera Mondo considers the treatment of the Uyghurs genocide, as the US government and the parliaments of Canada, the Netherlands and the UK found in 2021. The OHCHR found possible crimes against humanity. China says its policies counter terrorism and extremism, and 'firmly opposes' the OHCHR assessment. [2][5][9]

Reading the numbers. The prosecution count and birth rates are China's own figures and are not broken down by ethnicity; Uyghurs are about 11.6 million of Xinjiang's 25.9 million people. China publishes no camp figures; UN estimates range from tens of thousands to over a million. [1][2][4]

Tibetans

China: Tibet and the Tibetan areas of Qinghai, Sichuan, Gansu and Yunnan

Tibetans are one in 200 of China's people, yet almost half of its known political prisoners whose ethnicity is recorded. About a million Tibetan children live in state boarding schools that UN experts say are designed to assimilate them.

788

Tibetan political prisoners known to be held in China, mid-2025

46% of the 1,706 cases whose ethnicity is known; Tibetans are 0.5% of China's population. CECC, minimum count. [1][2]

1 million

Tibetan children in state boarding schools, UN experts' estimate, 2023

A UN committee asked China to abolish the coerced system at once and to allow private Tibetan schools. [3][4]

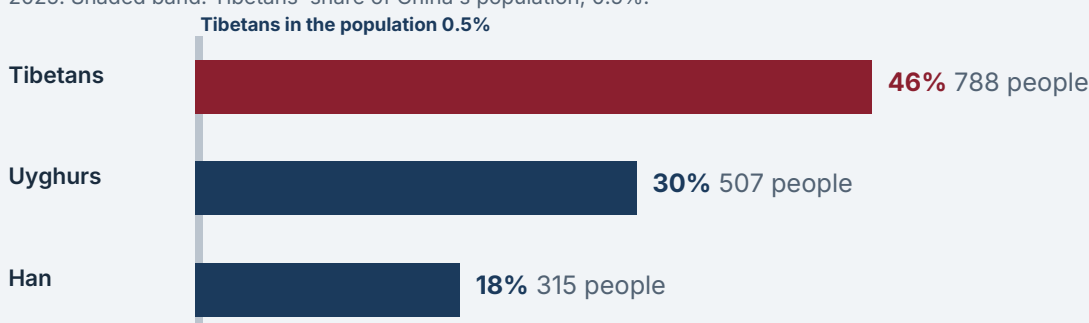
0/100

Tibet's score in Freedom House's 2026 global freedom ratings

The lowest possible. Foreigners need a special permit to enter the Tibet Autonomous Region; foreign journalists are regularly kept out. [5]

CHINA / WHO IS HELD AS A POLITICAL PRISONER

Political and religious prisoners known to be held, by ethnicity (1,706 cases with ethnicity recorded), CECC database, 30 June 2025. Shaded band: Tibetans' share of China's population, 0.5%.



Sources: CECC, 2025 Annual Report, pp. 24-25 [1]; National Bureau of Statistics of China, 2020 census, table 2-1 [2].

THE ASK

Ask your government to raise the people on the next page by name with China, starting with Gedhun Choekyi Nyima, missing since he was six, and to report back what answers it receives.

These are some of the names.

Each figure on page 1 is made of people like these. Since 2009, 159 Tibetans have set themselves on fire in protest in Tibet and China; at least 127 died, ICT records. [10] Status as reported by the cited sources on the date shown.

Portrait pending permission

DISAPPEARED

Gedhun Choekyi Nyima

China · Disappeared 17 May 1995, aged 6

Recognised by the Dalai Lama as the 11th Panchen Lama. Taken with his parents three days later; none has been seen since. China says he lives a normal life but offers no proof. The US again demanded his release in May 2026. [src]

Portrait pending permission

DISAPPEARED

Choktrul Dorje Ten

China · Missing since Dec 2025

Lama and founder of a Tibetan-language school, closed after his arrest in Qinghai. Amnesty says his whereabouts are unknown. [src]

Portrait pending permission

JAILED

Go Sherab Gyatso

China · Jailed since Oct 2020

Monk and writer of over ten books. Ten years for 'inciting secession' after a secret trial, PEN International says. [src]

Portrait pending permission

DIED IN CUSTODY



Tulku Hungkar Dorje

Died in Vietnam · Mar 2025

Language-rights abbot who fled abroad. Died days after arrest; officials cited a heart attack. UN experts asked China and Vietnam to explain. [src]

Portrait pending permission

KILLED

Gonpo Namgyal

China · Died 2024

Village leader who taught Tibetan. Died days after release; the US commission on China says torture in custody killed him. [src]

Portrait pending permission

JAILED

Dhargye

China · Held since Aug 2021

Monk, 64. Secretly given seven years, reportedly for offerings to the Dalai Lama. His family learned of it in 2026. [src]

Portrait pending permission

JAILED

Sherab (Jamyang Legshe)

China · Held since Feb 2024

Abbot detained over protests against a dam that would flood monasteries. Given four years, RFA's sources say. [src]

Portrait pending permission

DETAINED

Zomkyi

China · Detained mid-2024

Accused of 'misinformation' for posting about the forced closure of a Tibetan school. Whereabouts unknown, CECC says. [src]

Portrait pending permission

DIED IN CUSTODY

Tenzin Delek Rinpoche

China · Died 12 Jul 2015

Lama serving life on a bombing charge rights groups called wrongful. Officials said he died suddenly. Cremated in prison. [src]

Photo: Tulku Hungkar Dorje, video still by Bồ Đề Tâm Vương, CC BY 3.0, via Wikimedia Commons. Grayscale and cropped.

Three things a government can do this year

Editorial options from Libera Mondo, separate from the findings. Adapt them to your parliament's powers.

1 Ask where they are, by name.

Ask China for verifiable proof that Gedhun Choekyi Nyima, missing since 1995, and Choktrul Dorje Ten Rinpoche, missing since December 2025, are alive and free. Back the August 2025 request of four UN human-rights mandates to China and Vietnam for an account of Tulku Hungkar Dorje's death in custody. [6][7][8]

Who holds the lever: Foreign ministry; embassy in Beijing; delegation to the UN Human Rights Council | **What counts as progress:** Proof of life; a written answer on each case

2 Keep asking to go in, and say when the answer is no.

The Tibet Autonomous Region is the only province-level region of China that foreign officials need a special permit to visit. Have your embassy request visits by diplomats and journalists and report refusals to parliament yearly, as the US does under its 2018 Reciprocal Access to Tibet Act. A US consular visit in September 2025, the first since 2019, shows requests can succeed. [5][9]

Who holds the lever: Foreign ministry; parliament's foreign affairs committee | **What counts as progress:** A visit to the region; a published annual access report

3 Hold China to the UN's call on boarding schools.

In 2023 a UN treaty committee asked China to abolish immediately the coerced boarding-school system imposed on Tibetan children and to allow private Tibetan schools. Raise it in bilateral talks and at China's next review, and check that no public education partnership supports them. [4]

Who holds the lever: Foreign and education ministries; universities | **What counts as progress:** Private Tibetan schools allowed; a review of partnerships

ONE QUESTION TO TABLE

What has the government done to establish the whereabouts and wellbeing of Gedhun Choekyi Nyima and Choktrul Dorje Ten Rinpoche, and to free the writer Go Sherab Gyatso, and what answers has China given?

Keep in view. This brief is a rights analysis, not a territorial claim. In July 2025 the Dalai Lama said only religious leaders under his own trust may identify his successor; China says the choice is the state's. China has held no talks with his envoys since 2010. [1][5]

Reading the numbers. All counts are minimums: access to Tibet is restricted, so cases surface late or never; the CECC says far more people are held than its database records. The 46% counts only records with known ethnicity; across all 2,755 records, Tibetans are 29%. One million is the UN experts' estimate, not a count. [1][2][3]

Rohingya

Myanmar (Rakhine State), Bangladesh, and the sea routes to Malaysia and Indonesia

In 2025 nearly 900 Rohingya died or went missing at sea, one in seven of those who set out. Behind them, 1.2 million wait in Bangladesh on an aid plan that was only half funded.

1 in 7

Rohingya who set out by sea in 2025, reported dead or missing

Nearly 900 of more than 6,500: the highest death rate of any major sea route worldwide. UNHCR, Apr 2026. [1]

1.2 million

Rohingya refugees and asylum-seekers in Bangladesh in 2026

UNHCR. Some 600,000 more remained in Myanmar in 2019, denied citizenship under a 1982 law. UN FFM; HRW. [1][5][6]

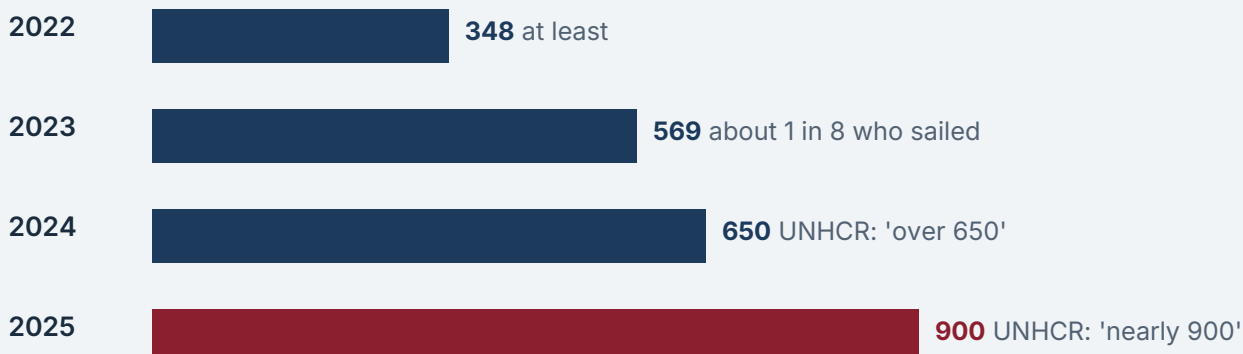
53%

share of the 2025 refugee response plan for Bangladesh that was funded

UNHCR says the shortfalls cut aid and push refugees onto boats. [1]

BAY OF BENGAL AND ANDAMAN SEA / ROHINGYA DEAD OR MISSING AT SEA

UNHCR annual counts. The previous high was 730, in 2014. Crossings rose from about 3,500 in 2022 to over 6,500 in 2025.



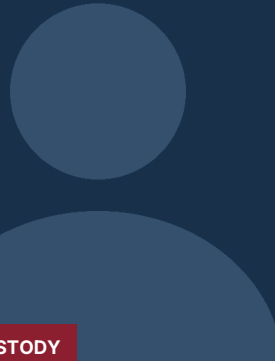
Source: UNHCR briefings of 17 Jan 2023, 23 Jan 2024 and 17 Apr 2026; press release of 8 Jan 2025. [4][3][2][1]

THE ASK

Ask your government to raise the people on the next page by name: with Bangladesh, with Myanmar's military and the Arakan Army, and with coastal states on rescue at sea.

These are some of the names.

Each figure on page 1 is made of people like these. In Hoyyar Siri, HRW lists over 170 killed or missing after an Arakan Army attack in 2024; the AA denies it. [10] Status as reported by the cited sources on the date shown.

Portrait pending permission  KILLED Mohib Ullah Bangladesh · Killed 29 Sep 2021 Chair of the Arakan Rohingya Society for Peace and Human Rights; spoke for refugees at the UN Human Rights Council. Shot dead at his camp office after threats. No verdict yet in the trial of 29 accused; ARSA denies a role. [src]	Portrait pending permission  DETAINED U Abu (Abdul Kalam) Myanmar · Held since 4 Sep 2026 Taken from his home in Maungdaw by the Arakan Army with two sons. He and one son are still held, Rohingya Khobor reports. [src]	Portrait pending permission  DIED IN CUSTODY Lalu Bibi India · Died Sep 2024 Aged 75, a UNHCR card holder. Died after 1,287 days of indefinite detention in Jammu. Cause not confirmed, Maktoob reports. [src]
Portrait pending permission  DIED IN EXILE Nurul Amin Shah Alam United States · 24 Feb 2026 Nearly blind refugee left by US Border Patrol outside a closed shop; found dead five days later. Ruled a homicide. CBP says he showed no distress. [src]	Portrait pending permission  KILLED Abdul Amen Myanmar · Found dead 22 Apr 2024 Ex-village secretary. Residents say the Arakan Army detained him and four men, later found dead. The AA denies it. [src]	Portrait pending permission  DISAPPEARED Gofur Alom Myanmar · Missing since 5 May 2025 Aged 47, taken with two men in a night raid by Arakan Army fighters in Maungdaw, Rohingya Khobor reports. [src]

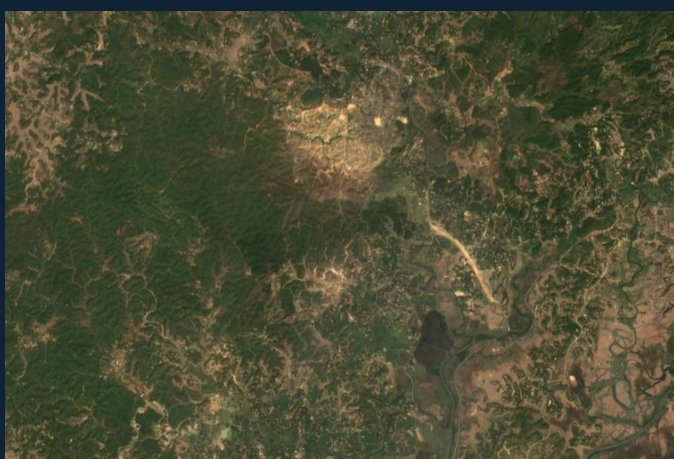
No portraits cleared yet; silhouettes mark pending permissions.

Where they fled, and what they fled

The UN Fact-Finding Mission found that Myanmar's 2017 'clearance operations' drove more than 740,000 Rohingya into Bangladesh. The camps they built near Kutupalong are visible from space. [5]



Kutupalong-Balukhali camps, Cox's Bazar, Bangladesh (about 21.20°N, 92.16°E), 18 December 2025: shelters cover the hills. Bangladesh hosts 1.2 million Rohingya refugees, UNHCR says. Sentinel-2. [src]



Before: the same area on 18 February 2017, six months before the exodus. Same scale. [src]



Buthidaung town, Rakhine State, before and after 17-18 May 2024. HRW says the Arakan Army burned Rohingya neighbourhoods; the AA blames junta airstrikes and militia arson. [src]

Three things a government can do this year

Editorial options from Libera Mondo, separate from the findings. Adapt them to your parliament's powers.

1

Fund the camps, and open safe routes out.

The 2025 response plan for Bangladesh was 53% funded; UNHCR links the shortfalls, camp insecurity and the lack of schooling and work to the boats. Make a multi-year pledge that covers education and livelihoods, and offer resettlement places to refugees most at risk.

Who holds the lever: Development and foreign ministries; immigration ministry (resettlement quota) | **What counts as progress:** A multi-year pledge; a published resettlement quota

2

Back the courts, and the case of Mohib Ullah.

The International Court of Justice heard The Gambia's genocide case against Myanmar in January 2026; ICC judges are weighing a 2024 warrant request for Min Aung Hlaing. Commit now to help enforce the ICJ judgment. Ask Bangladesh, which has held ARSA leader Ata Ullah since March 2025, to prosecute him for alleged killings in the camps, including Mohib Ullah's. [7][8][11]

Who holds the lever: Foreign and justice ministries; delegation to the UN | **What counts as progress:** A public commitment on the judgment; charges against Ata Ullah in the camp killings

3

Rescue people at sea, and stop unsafe returns.

UNHCR says boats in distress have been left adrift without timely rescue. Press regional governments, through the Bali Process, to rescue boats and land survivors at the nearest safe place. Ask Malaysia, which returned 1,476 people to Myanmar from detention in September, to halt such returns and drop the charges against refugee leader Zafar Ahmad Abdul Ghani. [3][14][12]

Who holds the lever: Foreign ministry; embassies in Kuala Lumpur, Jakarta and Dhaka | **What counts as progress:** Boats rescued and landed promptly; charges against Zafar Ahmad dropped

ONE QUESTION TO TABLE

What has the government done to press Bangladesh to conclude the trial over Mohib Ullah's killing, to seek the release of U Abu (Abdul Kalam) and others held by the Arakan Army, and to secure the rescue of Rohingya boats in distress, and with what result?

Keep in view. The UN Fact-Finding Mission found 'genocidal acts' in Myanmar's 2017 operations; Myanmar calls the genocide allegations unfounded. The Arakan Army, fighting the junta for Rakhine, denies HRW's findings of killings and arson. The junta and Rohingya armed groups have forcibly recruited Rohingya, including in the camps, HRW says. [5][13][9]

Reading the numbers. UNHCR counts people reported dead or missing at sea; some deaths go unrecorded. 2024 and 2025 are charted at UNHCR's published 'over 650' and 'nearly 900'. 600,000 in Myanmar is the UN's 2019 estimate. [1][2][5]

Hazaras

Afghanistan and Pakistan (Quetta)

Since 2018, five bombings at schools, education centres and a wrestling club in Kabul's Hazara district have killed at least 227 people. Those since 2021 are unclaimed. Under Taliban rule, Hazaras have also been evicted from their land.

345

casualties in attacks targeting Hazaras, Aug 2021 to May 2023

95 killed. Excludes attacks on Shia mosques. UNAMA, minimum. [1]

2,800

Hazara villagers evicted by the Taliban in Sept 2021

Daykundi and Uruzgan. HRW; 25 more families in Bamiyan, July 2025. [4][5]

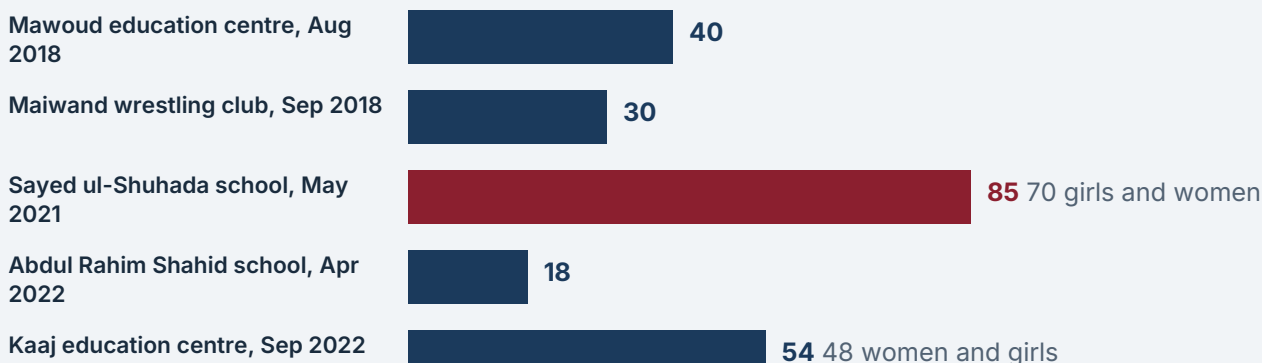
157

killed in three attacks on Hazara schools in 2021-22 that no group has claimed

UNAMA. The Taliban say they killed six ISKP men over Kaaj. [1][2][6]

DASHT-E-BARCHI, KABUL / KILLED IN ATTACKS ON PLACES OF LEARNING AND SPORT

UNAMA count of civilians killed in each attack. Five attacks, not a time series. The 2021 and 2022 attacks remain unclaimed.



Source: UNAMA protection of civilians reports 2018 (p. 21) and mid-2021 (p. 5); UNAMA IED report 2023 (p. 11). Club location: Al Jazeera. [3][2][1][14]

THE ASK

Ask your government to raise the people on the next page by name: to demand from the Taliban the whereabouts of Alia Azizi, and to press for the attacks on Hazara schools to be investigated.

These are some of the names.

Each figure on page 1 is made of people like these. In the first half of 2021 alone, UNAMA recorded 20 attacks on Shia Hazaras, killing 143 people. Status as reported by the cited sources on the date shown.

Portrait pending permission   DISAPPEARED	Portrait pending permission   KILLED	Portrait pending permission   KILLED
Alia Azizi Afghanistan · Missing since 2 Oct 2021 Police officer for over a decade and head of Herat's women's prison. Recalled to work by the Taliban, she left work after a phone call weeks later and never came home. The Taliban say they investigated; HRW says her fate is unknown. [src]	Marzia Mohammadi Afghanistan · 30 Sep 2022 Student, 16, killed in the Kaaj education centre bombing. Her family built a library at her grave. [src]	Hajar Mohammadi Afghanistan · 30 Sep 2022 Marzia's cousin, 16, killed in the same attack. UNAMA says the families have had no justice. [src]
Portrait pending permission   KILLED	Portrait pending permission   KILLED	Portrait pending permission   KILLED
Zainab Abdullahi Afghanistan · 13 Jan 2022 Aged 25, shot at a Taliban checkpoint coming home from a wedding. The Taliban called it a mistake and arrested the fighter. [src]	Musa Amiri Afghanistan · 30 Aug 2021 Ex-soldier, 46, one of 13 Hazaras Amnesty says Taliban fighters killed in Kahor. The local Taliban police chief denied it. [src]	Wahed Qaraman Afghanistan · Jul 2021 Aged 45. Taken from home, tortured and shot by Taliban fighters, Amnesty found; one of nine men killed in his village. [src]

No portraits cleared yet; silhouettes mark pending permissions.

Three things a government can do this year

Editorial options from Libera Mondo, separate from the findings. Adapt them to your parliament's powers.

1 Fund the investigators and point them at the school attacks.

In October 2025 the UN Human Rights Council created a mechanism to preserve evidence of crimes in Afghanistan by all actors, including ISKP. It can only advance as funding arrives. [7][8] Pay into it, and ask that the attacks on Hazara schools and the Kaaj centre be among its first case files.

Who holds the lever: Foreign ministry; delegation to the UN Human Rights Council; development budget | **What counts as progress:** A pledge paid; Hazara attacks in the mechanism's workplan

2 Ask the Taliban for Alia Azizi.

Raise Alia Azizi by name in every contact with the Taliban authorities, through envoys and the UN mission in Kabul, and ask for her whereabouts and family access. Ask what protection Hazara schools and Shia gatherings have, as UNAMA urged in 2023. [1][15]

Who holds the lever: Foreign ministry; special envoy for Afghanistan; Security Council members | **What counts as progress:** A reply on her whereabouts; protection at schools

3 Do not send Hazaras back into danger.

Iran and Pakistan expelled more than two million Afghans in 2025; another 563,000 were deported in 2026 up to October. [5][10] Treat Hazara ethnicity and Shia faith as risk factors in asylum cases, keep resettlement places, and press Iran and Pakistan to stop forced returns.

Who holds the lever: Interior ministry; asylum authority; foreign ministry | **What counts as progress:** Published country guidance; no returns of Hazaras at risk

ONE QUESTION TO TABLE

What has the government done to obtain from the Taliban authorities the whereabouts of Alia Azizi, missing since October 2021, and to secure an investigation of the attacks that killed Marzia and Hajar Mohammadi at the Kaaj education centre, and what replies has it received?

Keep in view. Most bombings of Hazaras were claimed by the jihadist group ISKP. The UN Special Rapporteur says they bear the hallmarks of international crimes; the Taliban call his reports propaganda. [1][11] Taliban bans on girls' schooling apply to all Afghan girls; the ICC has issued warrants for two Taliban leaders for gender persecution. [5][9] In Quetta, bombings on 10 Jan 2013 killed at least 81 people, mostly Hazaras. [13]

Reading the numbers. All counts are UNAMA or HRW minimums. UNAMA's latest Hazara-specific count ends in May 2023; deportation figures have no ethnic breakdown. With no census, no population share is shown. [1][10]

Roma/Sinti

Bulgaria, Czechia, Greece, Hungary, Romania, Slovakia and the wider EU

In ten EU states, seven in ten Roma live at risk of poverty, and Roma men die about eight years younger than other men. Over 40 European Court judgments on Roma rights await implementation.

70%

of Roma and Travellers at risk of poverty in 10 EU states, 2024

General population: 16%. Children: 77%, against 19%. EU Agency for Fundamental Rights (FRA), Roma Survey 2024. [1]

8 years

shorter life expectancy for Roma men than for other men, 2024

Women: 7.4 years. FRA estimate; it says the EU goal of halving the gap by 2030 is unlikely to be met. [1]

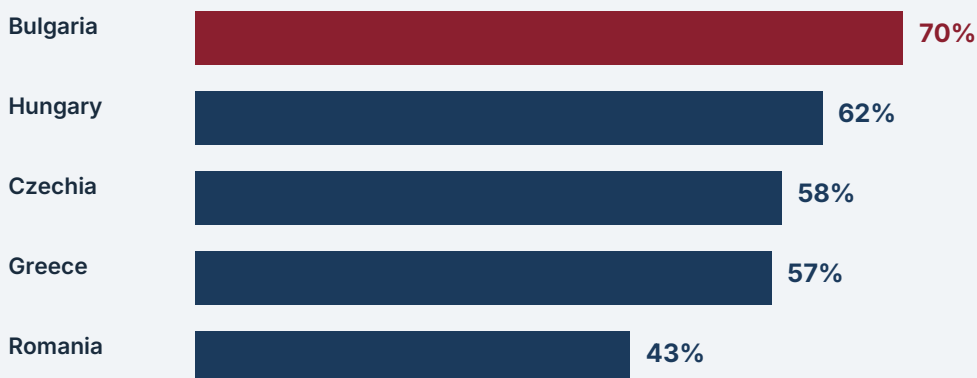
40+

European Court judgments on Roma and Travellers still to be implemented, 2026

Of 114 judgments finding violations, 2002-2024. Council of Europe, Jan 2026. [2]

EU / ROMA CHILDREN IN SEGREGATED SCHOOLS, BY COUNTRY

Roma and Traveller children aged 6-15 in schools where all or most pupils are Roma, 2024. FRA household survey; average across the ten surveyed states: 46%. Slovakia was not surveyed.



Source: EU Agency for Fundamental Rights, Roma Survey 2024, Figure 15. [1]

THE ASK

Ask your government to raise the people on the next page by name with Czechia, Greece, Hungary and Romania, and to press every EU state that still schools Roma children apart to end it by a fixed date.

These are some of the names.

Each figure on page 1 is made of people like these. In Greece, police shot dead three Romani teenagers in three years, 2021-2023, the European Roma Rights Centre says. [6] Status as reported by the cited sources on the date shown.

Portrait pending permission

DIED IN CUSTODY

Stanislav Tomáš
Czechia · Died 19 Jun 2021
Died after police knelt on him during an arrest in Teplice; police blamed drugs. In July 2026 the European Court of Human Rights found officers held him in a potentially life-threatening position and the inquiry ignored a possible racist motive. [src]

Portrait pending permission

KILLED

Nikos Sampanis
Greece · Killed Oct 2021
Aged 18. Police fired at least 36 shots at his car near Athens, citing self-defence. Seven officers face a homicide trial. [src]

Portrait pending permission

KILLED

Kostas Frangoulis
Greece · 13 Dec 2022
Aged 16, shot in a police chase over unpaid fuel. Court found negligent excess of self-defence; sentence suspended. [src]

Portrait pending permission

KILLED

Christos Michalopoulos
Greece · 11 Nov 2023
Aged 17, shot by police after a car chase near Thebes. Police say a passenger grabbed the gun; his family disputes it. [src]

Portrait pending permission

DIED IN CUSTODY

Mircea-Vișan Muzsunye
Romania · Died Jul 2023
Died after arrest by Arad local police. Prosecutors charged an officer with torture; the autopsy cited drug intoxication. [src]

Portrait pending permission

DIED IN CUSTODY

Tamás Baki
Hungary · Died Jul 2026
Tasered at least four times at a police stop; died two weeks later. Police say force was lawful; prosecutors investigate. [src]

Portrait pending permission

KILLED

Róbert Csorba
Hungary · 23 Feb 2009
Shot dead with his young son as they fled their firebombed home. Hungary's courts jailed the murderers for life. [src]

Portrait pending permission

KILLED

Éva Nagy
Hungary · 3 Nov 2008
Shot dead with her brother-in-law after attackers firebombed their home. Appeal court: hatred of Roma drove the killings. [src]

Portrait pending permission

KILLED

Mária Balogh
Hungary · 3 Aug 2009
Murdered in her bed in Kisléta; her 13-year-old daughter was badly wounded. The last of six killings in the series. [src]

No portraits cleared yet; silhouettes mark pending permissions.

Three things a government can do this year

Editorial options from Libera Mondo, separate from the findings. Adapt them to your parliament's powers.

1

Make deaths at police hands answerable.

Police in Greece shot dead three Romani teenagers in 2021-2023, the European Roma Rights Centre says. [6] In 2026 the European Court found Czech police held Stanislav Tomáš in a potentially life-threatening position. [5] Ask all four states on page 2 for binding rules on restraint and firearms, and investigators independent of the police.

Who holds the lever: Interior and justice ministries; delegation to the Council of Europe | **What counts as progress:** Published restraint rules; independent inquiries that test for racist motive

2

End separate schooling, with deadlines.

Nearly half of Roma children in the surveyed EU states attend mostly-Roma schools; in Bulgaria, seven in ten. [1] The European Court ordered Czechia to end segregation in 2007; the Commission has taken Slovakia to the EU Court. [4][7] Ask every affected state for a legal ban on ethnic segregation in schools, with dated targets.

Who holds the lever: Education ministries; delegation to the Committee of Ministers; European Commission | **What counts as progress:** A legal ban and dated targets in each national Roma plan

3

Tie EU money to results.

EU cohesion funding for Roma inclusion is linked to a national Roma strategic framework. [8] FRA expects most of the framework's 2030 targets to be missed. [1] Ask the Commission to judge national plans by measured results, school segregation first, before releasing funds.

Who holds the lever: Finance and EU-affairs ministries; European Commission; Members of the European Parliament | **What counts as progress:** Desegregation targets written into EU-funded programmes

ONE QUESTION TO TABLE

What has the government done to seek independent, timely justice for Stanislav Tomáš in Czechia, Nikos Sampanis in Greece and Tamás Baki in Hungary, and to press EU states to stop schooling Roma children apart?

Keep in view. These democracies' courts act: Hungary jailed the four men behind the 2008-09 murders of six Roma, and Greek officers face trial. Police say they acted lawfully in several cases on page 2. Slovakia apologised in 2021 for a 2013 police raid on a Roma settlement. [9]

Reading the numbers. FRA figures are weighted survey results for Roma and Travellers in ten EU states, including Bulgaria, Czechia, Greece, Hungary and Romania (2024); Slovakia was not surveyed. Life-expectancy gaps are FRA estimates. No EU-wide count of deaths after police action exists. [1]

West Papuans

Indonesia: the six Papua provinces

Indonesia's own figures put those displaced by conflict in its Papua provinces at about 122,000. Amnesty counted 131 people killed by security forces in suspected unlawful killings in six years. A UN visit offered in 2018 has not happened.

122,000

people displaced by conflict in the Papua provinces, 2026

Government estimate, 7 Jul 2026. Human Rights Monitor counts at least 127,031. [1][2]

131

people killed in suspected unlawful killings by security forces, 2018 to Mar 2024

129 of them Indigenous Papuans. Amnesty International, minimum count. [3]

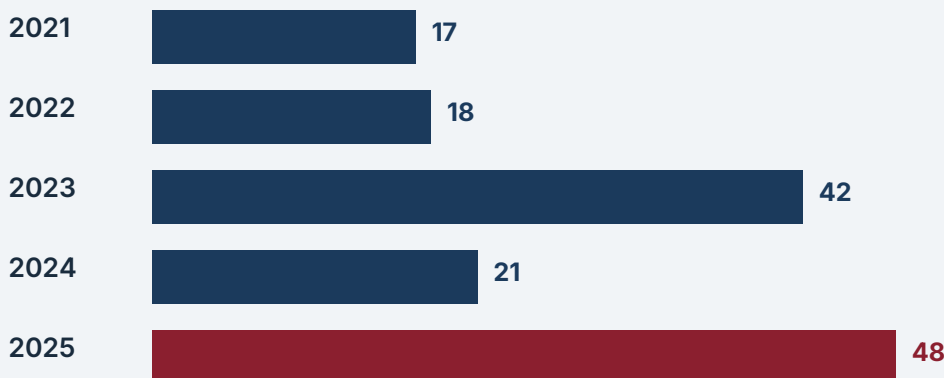
8 years

since Indonesia invited the UN human rights office to Papua in 2018; no visit yet

Indonesia says the visit is 'on the right path' but has set no date (Sep 2026). [4][5]

WEST PAPUA / VICTIMS OF EXTRAJUDICIAL KILLINGS PER YEAR

Reported victims, one monitor. Civilians killed by the armed group TPNPB are counted separately (42 in 2025).



Source: Human Rights Monitor, Annual Report 2025: Human rights and conflict in West Papua (13 Mar 2026), tables 1-2. [6]

THE ASK

Ask your government to raise the people on the next page by name with Indonesia, and to press for the UN human rights office's visit to Papua before Indonesia's Human Rights Council presidency ends.

These are some of the names.

Each figure on page 1 is made of people like these. Papuans Behind Bars recorded 291 political arrests in 2025; at least 60 people reported torture, and five died. [7] Status as reported by the cited sources on the date shown.

Portrait pending permission

DIED IN CUSTODY

Abrael Wandikbo
Nduga, Highland Papua · Found dead 25 Mar 2025
Taken from his home by soldiers and found dead and mutilated three days later near an army post. The army says he was an OPM member who fled and fell into a ravine. Rights groups took the case to Komnas HAM in June 2025; no trial has been reported. [src]

Portrait pending permission

DISAPPEARED

Ernes Wepa
Yahukimo, Highland Papua · Missing since 12 Oct 2026
Aged 27. Seized with Natan Well, 18, in a pre-dawn raid in Dekai. An army post denies knowing where they are. [src]

Portrait pending permission

DETAINED

Mikael Obaipa
Jayapura, Papua · Held since 30 Sep 2026
Student held with two others after the Morning Star flag was raised at a campus rally. Charges not yet public. [src]

Portrait pending permission

KILLED

Melkiana Duwita
Intan Jaya, Central Papua · 2 Jul 2026
Shot at home in Sugapa, 32 weeks pregnant; her baby died too. The army blames the TPNPB; Amnesty says soldiers are suspected. [src]

Portrait pending permission

KILLED

Yeremia Zanambani
Intan Jaya, Central Papua · 19 Sep 2020
Pastor. Komnas HAM found a soldier tortured and shot him. Three soldiers got one year each; his family objects. [src]

Portrait pending permission

KILLED

Tobias Silak
Yahukimo, Highland Papua · 20 Aug 2024
Aged 21, shot by Brimob police in Dekai. In 2025 a court jailed one officer for 14 years for murder. [src]

Portrait pending permission

KILLED

Arnold Lokbere
Mimika, Central Papua · 22 Aug 2022
One of four Nduga Papuans killed and dismembered near Timika. A military court jailed the major in command for life. [src]

Portrait pending permission

DISAPPEARED

Yoban Kine Wenda
Lanny Jaya, Highland Papua · Missing since 5 Oct 2025
Aged 60. Missing since an army air and ground operation in Lanny Jaya as villagers gathered for Communion. [src]

Portrait pending permission

DIED IN CUSTODY

Goliath Sani
Intan Jaya, Central Papua · Died 28 Feb 2025
Aged 19. Held overnight at an army post in Mamba; soldiers brought his body to hospital. His family says he was tortured. [src]

No portraits cleared yet; silhouettes mark pending permissions.

Three things a government can do this year

Editorial options from Libera Mondo, separate from the findings. Adapt them to your parliament's powers.

1 Get the UN human rights office into Papua.
Indonesia invited the office in 2018; Pacific leaders have asked since 2019. Indonesia says the visit is on track but has set no date. Ask for fixed dates and open access for the office, UN rapporteurs and foreign journalists while Indonesia presides over the Human Rights Council. [4][5][12]

Who holds the lever: Foreign ministry; embassy in Jakarta; delegation to the UN Human Rights Council | **What counts as progress:** Visit dates announced; an OHCHR report on Papua published

2 Ask where they are, and watch the courts.
Ask where Ernes Wepesa and Yoban Kine Wenda are held, and for soldiers accused of killing civilians, as in Abral Wandikbo's death, to face civilian courts, as Amnesty Indonesia asks. Send embassy staff to observe the case of the students held over the Morning Star flag. [13]

Who holds the lever: Foreign ministry; embassy in Jakarta | **What counts as progress:** Whereabouts disclosed; diplomats admitted to hearings

3 Check what is sold and what is funded.
Rights groups report helicopters, mortars and drones in operations where civilians died. The Arms Trade Treaty bars exports with an overriding risk of serious violations. Review licences for aircraft, drones and munitions for Indonesian forces, and require Indigenous landowners' free, prior and informed consent for supported projects such as the Merauke food estate. [6][16][14][15]

Who holds the lever: Export-licensing authority; development and export-credit agencies | **What counts as progress:** A published licence review; consent tests in funding rules

ONE QUESTION TO TABLE

What has the government asked of Indonesia about Abral Wandikbo's death in military custody and the whereabouts of Ernes Wepesa and Yoban Kine Wenda, and what has it done to make the UN visit to Papua offered in 2018 happen?

Keep in view. Indonesia, a democracy, treats Papua as a security matter; it listed the armed group TPNPB as terrorist in 2021 and called UN experts' 2022 statement 'biased'. The TPNPB also kills civilians (42 in 2025, against 31 by security forces, Human Rights Monitor says) and held a New Zealand pilot for 19 months until 2024. These options concern rights, not Papua's status. [6][9][10][11]

Reading the numbers. The 122,000 is a preliminary government figure; Human Rights Monitor and the Papuan Council of Churches (107,000) count separately; no figures are combined. Access for monitors is restricted, so all counts are minimums. [1][2][3][6]

Fur

Sudan: North, Central and South Darfur

In April 2025 the RSF killed at least 1,013 civilians in Zamzam, a camp UN investigators say was home mainly to displaced Fur, and drove out 406,265 people. This is part of the genocide in Darfur. In 21 years, the ICC has convicted one man.

1,013

civilians killed in Zamzam camp, April 2025 (minimum)

OHCHR count, 11-13 Apr; 319 summarily executed. UN Mission: residents mainly Fur. [1][2]

406,265

people displaced from Zamzam by 27 April 2025

IOM DTM, cited by OHCHR; 303,300 went to Tawila. [1]

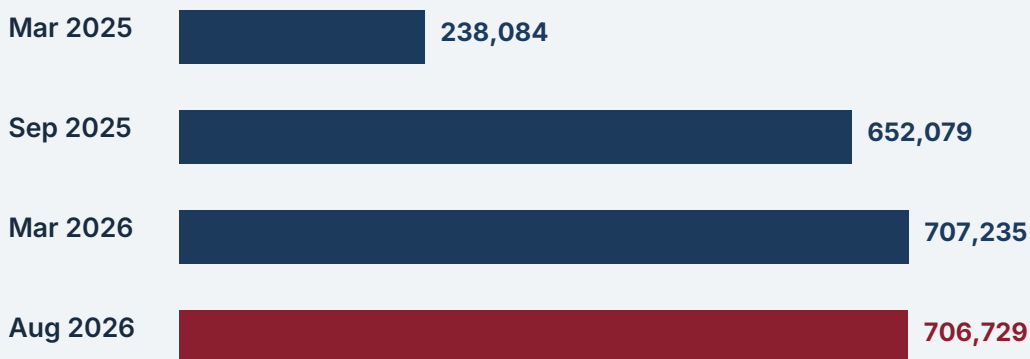
1

ICC conviction for Darfur crimes since the 2005 referral

Ali Kushayb, 2025, for 2003-04 attacks on Fur, Masalit and others; on appeal. [7][3]

TAWILA, NORTH DARFUR / DISPLACED PEOPLE RECORDED IN THE LOCALITY

Survivors of Zamzam (April 2025) and El Fasher (October 2025) fled here. No locality in Sudan now hosts more.



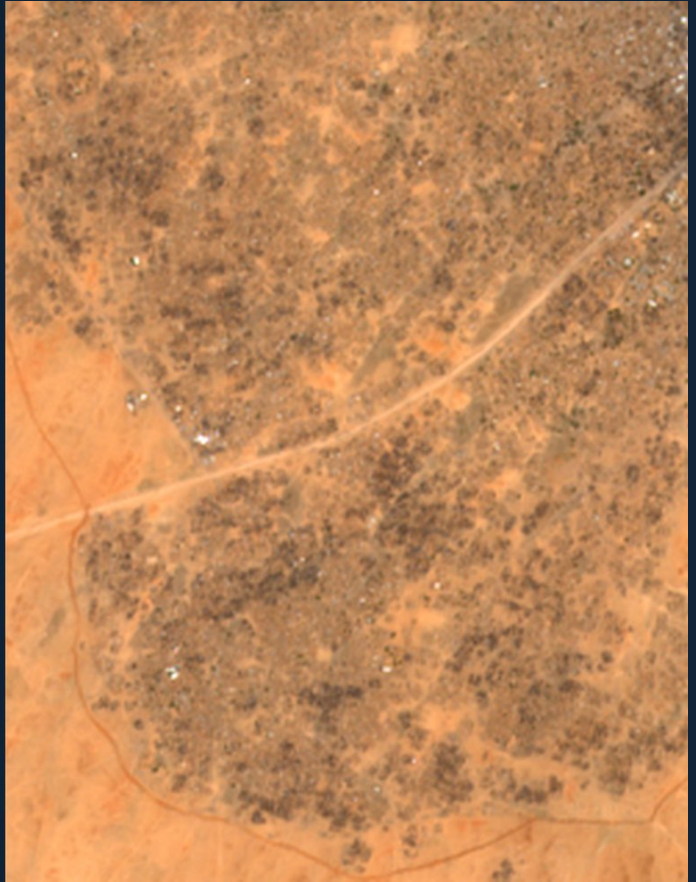
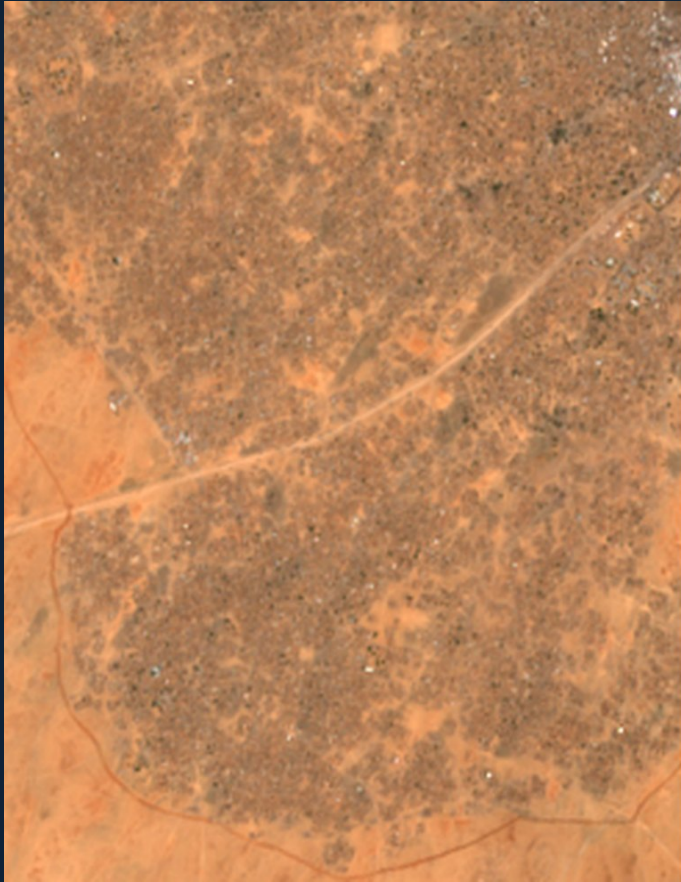
Source: IOM DTM, Tawila snapshot (29 Oct 2025); Snapshots 4 (12 Apr 2026) and 9 (20 Sep 2026). [4][5][6]

THE ASK

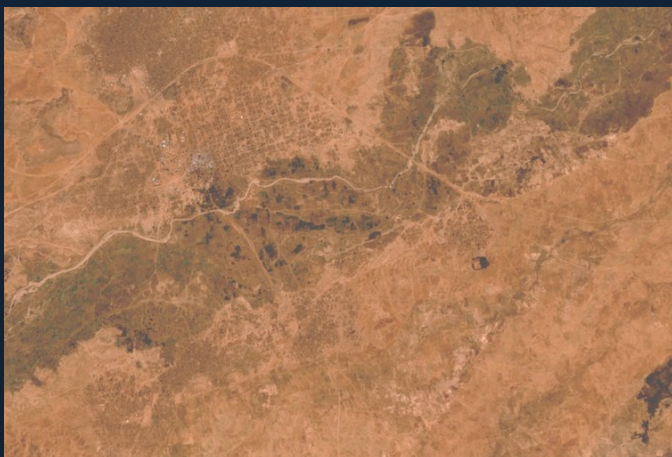
Ask your government to back the ICC's investigation of crimes around El Fasher, where Zamzam lies, and to fund the Tawila camps on the next page.

The camp that burned

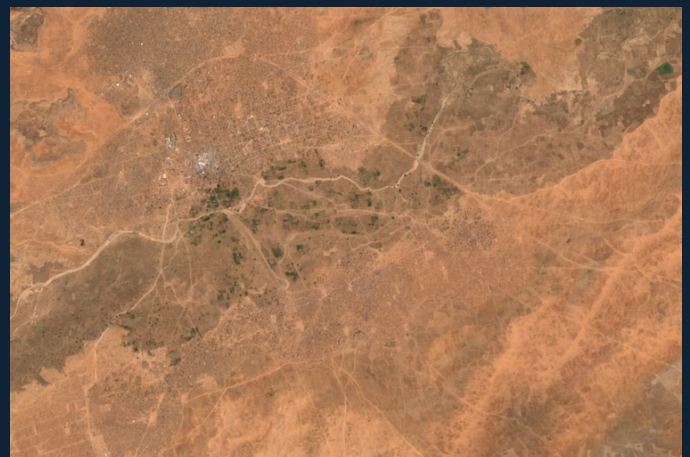
UN investigators found that the RSF's conduct in and around El Fasher, where Zamzam lies, points to intent to destroy the Zaghawa and the Fur. [2] No victim could yet be shown here by name as Fur, so this page shows the places.



Southern Zamzam camp, North Darfur, on 26 March (left) and 27 April 2025 (right). Yale's Humanitarian Research Lab found 1.7 km² of the camp destroyed by 16 April. [src]



Tawila, 60 km west of Zamzam, on 6 March 2025. IOM then counted 238,084 displaced people in the locality. [src]



The same area on 13 March 2026: 707,235 displaced people, IOM says. New shelters cover the south. Same scale. [src]

Three things a government can do this year

Editorial options from Libera Mondo, separate from the findings. Adapt them to your parliament's powers.

1 Back the El Fasher investigation to its first warrant.

In July 2026 the ICC deputy prosecutor said evidence shows war crimes in El Fasher and surrounding areas, and the RSF ignores her requests; no warrant has been issued. [3] Share evidence, fund the Office's Darfur team, and let war-crimes units hear Zamzam survivors abroad.

Who holds the lever: Foreign and justice ministries; war-crimes police units | **What counts as progress:** A public arrest warrant for crimes in and around El Fasher

2 Keep Tawila fed and sheltered.

Famine was confirmed in Zamzam in 2024. [1] Tawila now holds 706,729 displaced people, more than any other locality in Sudan. [6] It is held by the SLA-Abdel Wahid, which MSF calls neutral. [12] Fund the response early; press every armed group for safe passage of aid and of people fleeing.

Who holds the lever: Development ministry; humanitarian envoy | **What counts as progress:** The Tawila response funded; convoys reach it unhindered

3 Make the Darfur cases count.

A ruling on Ali Kushayb's appeal is expected in 2027. Omar al-Bashir, wanted for genocide against the Fur, Masalit and Zaghawa, Ahmed Haroun and Abdel Raheem Hussein are not surrendered, though Resolution 1593 binds Sudan to cooperate. [3][8] Raise them in every meeting with Sudan's authorities; fund the ICC Trust Fund for Victims.

Who holds the lever: Foreign ministry; delegation to the ICC Assembly of States Parties | **What counts as progress:** Any of the three in ICC custody; Darfur reparations funded

ONE QUESTION TO TABLE

What has the government done to support investigation of the April 2025 attack on Zamzam camp, where Relief International's Dr Mahmoud Babaker Idris and Adam Babaker Abdallah were killed, and to secure Omar al-Bashir's surrender to the ICC?

Keep in view. Libera Mondo holds that the Fur, Masalit and Zaghawa have suffered genocide in Darfur for decades; the ICC charged al-Bashir with genocide, and the US found genocide by the RSF in 2025. UN investigators also found army war crimes. The SLA-Abdel Wahid, whose leader is Fur, holds Tawila. No named victim is identified as Fur in the sources, so page 2 shows places. [8][9][13][12]

Reading the numbers. The Zamzam toll is OHCHR's minimum count. IOM figures have no ethnic breakdown; OHCHR says Fur fleeing Zamzam went mainly to Jebel Marra. The UN estimate of 300,000 deaths from 2003 is a model. [1][4][14]

Masalit

Sudan (West Darfur) and refugees in eastern Chad

UN experts estimate that the RSF and allied Arab militias killed 10,000 to 15,000 people in El Geneina in 2023, targeting the Masalit; nearly a million have fled Sudan for Chad. This is part of the genocide in Darfur. No international arrest warrant has followed.

10,000-15,000

people killed in El Geneina in 2023 (UN estimate)

UN Panel of Experts on the Sudan, citing intelligence sources (S/2024/65). HRW: 'at least thousands'. [1][3]

969,277

refugees from Sudan in Chad, April 2023 to October 2026

UNHCR, 5 Oct 2026; no ethnic breakdown. HRW: those from El Geneina are mainly Masalit. [2][3]

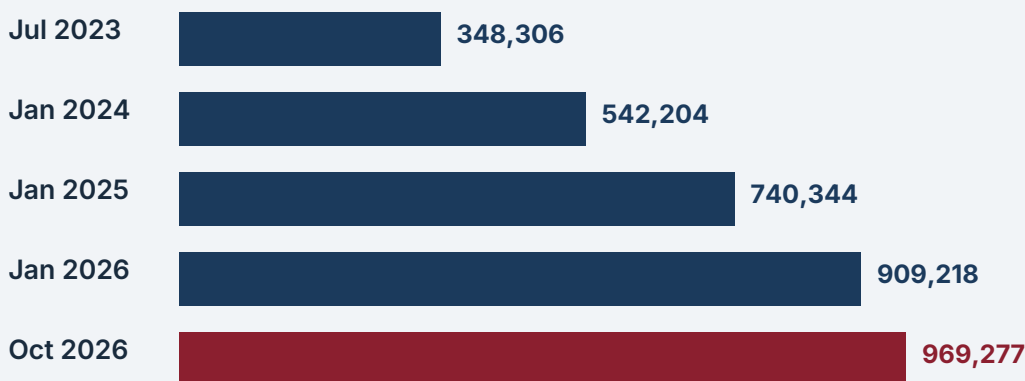
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ICC arrest warrants for Darfur crimes since April 2023 (to July 2026)

Sudan's envoy at the UN Security Council, 15 Jul 2026. Dabanga. [4]

CHAD / REFUGEES FROM SUDAN ARRIVED SINCE APRIL 2023

UNHCR cumulative count of new arrivals. WFP: in eastern Chad, one person in three is a refugee.



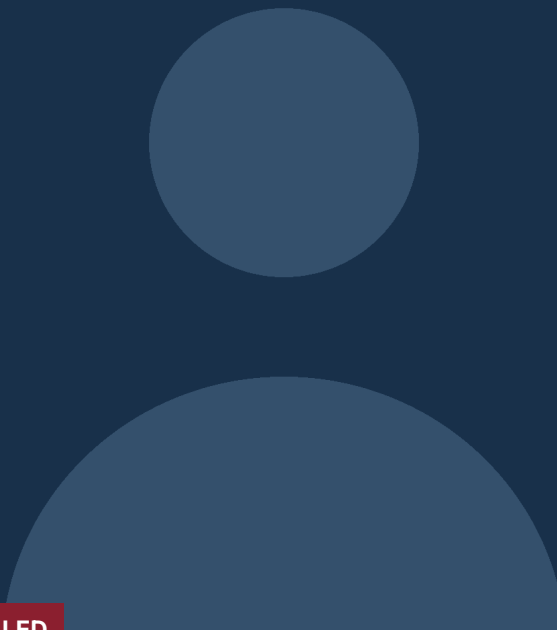
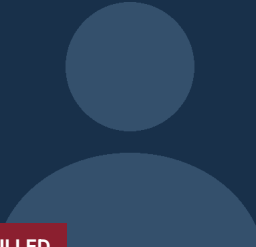
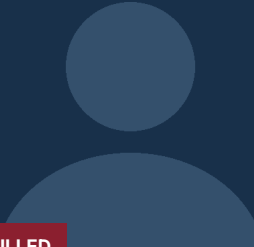
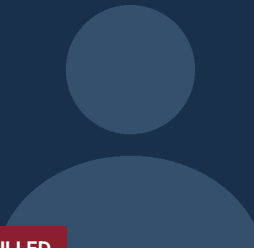
Source: UNHCR Operational Data Portal, Sudan situation, Chad (monthly series to 5 Oct 2026); WFP and UNHCR, 9 Apr 2026. [2][5]

THE ASK

Ask your government to name the people on the next page in its dealings with Sudan and the RSF's backers, and to back the ICC's El Geneina investigation until the first arrest warrant is issued.

These are some of the names.

Front Line Defenders recorded four rights lawyers and monitors killed in El Geneina in under three weeks of 2023. Status as reported by the cited sources on the date shown.

Portrait pending permission  KILLED	Portrait pending permission  KILLED Mohammed Arbab Sudan · 5 Nov 2023 Masalit native-administration leader. UN experts say the RSF and allied militias executed him and family members in Ardamata. [src]	Portrait pending permission  KILLED Adam Zakaria Is'haq Sudan · 14 May 2023 Doctor and rights monitor, 38. Colleagues told Amnesty an armed Arab militia shot him and 13 patients at a clinic. [src]
Khamis Abakar Sudan · 14 Jun 2023 West Darfur governor. Taken by the RSF hours after he accused it of attacks; found dead. Its commander blamed 'outlaws'. [src]	Portrait pending permission  KILLED Khamis Arbab Sudan · Killed May 2023 Darfur Bar Association lawyer for victims of attacks on displacement camps. Front Line Defenders says RSF members attacked his home. [src]	Portrait pending permission  KILLED Khidir Sulieman Abdelmageed Sudan · 11 Jun 2023 Head of the rights group Afkar. Killed on the road as he tried to leave his home after death threats. [src]

No portraits cleared yet; silhouettes mark pending permissions.

Three things a government can do this year

Editorial options from Libera Mondo, separate from the findings. Adapt them to your parliament's powers.

1 Back the El Geneina investigation to its first warrant.

In July 2026 the ICC deputy prosecutor told the Security Council that evidence confirms war crimes and crimes against humanity in El Geneina and that the RSF ignores her requests; no warrant has been issued. [4] Fund its Darfur team, share intelligence, and let war-crimes units hear survivors abroad.

Who holds the lever: Foreign and justice ministries; war-crimes police units | **What counts as progress:** A public arrest warrant for crimes in El Geneina

2 Keep the refugees in eastern Chad alive.

Chad hosts 1.3 million Sudanese refugees. In April 2026 UNHCR and WFP were \$428 million short, and UNHCR could give basic help to only four refugees in ten. [5] Fund the response early, with care for survivors of sexual violence, and resettle refugees at risk, such as witnesses.

Who holds the lever: Development ministry; resettlement authority | **What counts as progress:** Chad response funded; resettlement places offered

3 Ask for the people by name.

Press the RSF's mediators and backers for the release of journalist El-Rashid Mohamed Haroun and an account of the hundreds of men UN experts say the RSF detained at Ardamata in 2023. The UN Panel called reports of UAE military support to the RSF 'credible'; the UAE says its flights carried aid. [1][12][13] Back the Panel and the Darfur arms embargo.

Who holds the lever: Foreign ministry; delegation to the UN Security Council | **What counts as progress:** Haroun freed; a list of Ardamata detainees

ONE QUESTION TO TABLE

What has the government done to support the ICC investigation into the killings of Governor Khamis Abakar, Mohammed Arbab and other Masalit civilians in El Geneina, and what results can it report?

Keep in view. Libera Mondo holds that the Fur, Masalit and Zaghawa have suffered genocide in Darfur for decades; the US found in 2025 that the RSF committed genocide. UN investigators found RSF crimes against humanity against the Masalit, and war crimes by both the RSF and the army. The RSF denied involvement; Amnesty also found abuses by Masalit armed groups. In 2025 the RSF took El Fasher (UN: hallmarks of genocide against Zaghawa and Fur), and the ICC jailed Ali Kushayb for 2003-04 crimes. [8][9][1][6][10][11]

Reading the numbers. The El Geneina toll is the UN Panel's estimate, not a count. UNHCR counts all new refugees from Sudan in Chad, not only Masalit. The ICC figure counts public warrants; applications can be sealed. [1][2][4]

Zaghawa

Sudan (North Darfur) and refugees in eastern Chad

The RSF besieged El Fasher, a mainly Zaghawa city, for 18 months. When it fell in October 2025, the UN documented over 6,000 killings in three days and found hallmarks of genocide. This is part of the genocide in Darfur. No public arrest warrant has followed.

6,000+

people killed in El Fasher,
25-27 October 2025

OHCHR, 13 Feb 2026, after an 18-month siege: a minimum from testimony; the true toll is 'undoubtedly significantly higher'. [1]

127,162

people displaced from El
Fasher, 26 Oct 2025-13 Jan
2026

IOM DTM, preliminary. UN FFM: about 260,000 people, mainly Zaghawa, lived in the city before the takeover. [2][3][5]

0

public ICC arrest warrants for
El Fasher crimes (to July 2026)

ICC Prosecutor's report to the UN Security Council, 15 Jul 2026: investigation progressing; warrant applications are not made public. [4]

EL FASHER / WHAT THE UN KNOWS OF THE CITY'S PEOPLE

The UN Fact-Finding Mission found hallmarks of genocide and says 'perhaps tens of thousands' remain missing. Separate estimates: do not subtract.

Population before the
takeover



260,000 UN FFM estimate

Displaced by 13 Jan
2026



127,162 IOM DTM

Killed in 3 days



6,000 OHCHR, at least

Sources: UN Fact-Finding Mission, A/HRC/62/CRP.4 para 75 (8 Jul 2026) and A/HRC/61/77; IOM DTM Focused Flash Alert 13 (29 Jan 2026); OHCHR (13 Feb 2026). [3][5][2][1]

THE ASK

Ask your government to demand an account of the people still missing and detained since El Fasher fell, and to back the ICC's El Fasher investigation until the first arrest warrant is issued.

The city that emptied

El Fasher held about 260,000 people, mainly Zaghawa, before the siege. After the RSF took it in October 2025, UN investigators documented over 6,000 killings in three days. [5]



El Fasher, North Darfur (about 13.63°N, 25.35°E), 26 December 2025, two months after the RSF takeover. Aid groups that reached it called it a 'ghost town', UN investigators report. [src]

Three things a government can do this year

Editorial options from Libera Mondo, separate from the findings. Adapt them to your parliament's powers.

1 Back the El Fasher investigation to its first warrant.

In July 2026 the ICC prosecutor told the Security Council that evidence shows war crimes and crimes against humanity in El Fasher; no warrant is public. [4] Fund the ICC's Darfur team, share intelligence and satellite data, and let war-crimes units hear survivors abroad.

Who holds the lever: Foreign and justice ministries; war-crimes police units | **What counts as progress:** A public arrest warrant for crimes in El Fasher

2 Account for El Fasher's missing and detained.

UN investigators say perhaps tens of thousands are unaccounted for, thousands are held without legal process in Daqris prison in Nyala, and the RSF set ransoms by ethnicity, highest for Zaghawa. [3][5] Press the RSF, its mediators and its backers for lists of detainees and access for independent monitors.

Who holds the lever: Foreign ministry; envoys to the Sudan talks | **What counts as progress:** Detainee lists handed over; monitors admitted to Daqris

3 Keep the survivors alive.

The IPC confirmed famine in El Fasher in November 2025. [6] Chad hosts 1.3 million Sudanese refugees; in April 2026 UNHCR and WFP were \$428 million short. [7] Fund the Darfur and Chad responses early, with care for survivors of sexual violence, and resettle witnesses at risk.

Who holds the lever: Development ministry; resettlement authority | **What counts as progress:** Darfur and Chad appeals funded; resettlement places offered

ONE QUESTION TO TABLE

What has the government done to support the ICC investigation into the killings in El Fasher, and to secure the release of journalist Muammar Ibrahim and the others the RSF has held since the city fell in October 2025? [11]

Keep in view. Libera Mondo holds that the Fur, Masalit and Zaghawa have suffered genocide in Darfur for decades. The US found in 2025 that the RSF committed genocide; UN investigators found it acted with genocidal intent against the Zaghawa and Fur in El Fasher. The RSF did not answer them; its leader admitted 'violations'. Zaghawa-led movements (SLA-Minawi, JEM) defended the city with the army; the UN found both sides targeted civilians. In Chad, led by a Zaghawa elite, security forces killed opposition leader Yaya Dillo in 2024; HRW says no independent inquiry followed. [8][5][9][10]

Reading the numbers. OHCHR's count is a minimum from testimony; other tallies vary and the RSF disputes them. IOM's count is preliminary. ICC warrant applications are not published. No faces page: no Zaghawa victim of El Fasher could yet be named from published sources. [1][2][4]

Yanomami

Brazil (Roraima and Amazonas) and Venezuela (Alto Orinoco)

Illegal gold mining has destroyed 5,564 hectares of Yanomami land, and almost everyone tested in nine villages near the mines had unsafe levels of mercury. Since Brazil's 2023 emergency, deaths have fallen by nearly a fifth, but 356 Yanomami died in 2025.

356

Yanomami deaths recorded in Brazil in 2025

Down from 435 in 2023 (-18.2%); deaths from malnutrition down 53%. Ministry of Health (Sesai), May 2026. [1]

284 of 287

Yanomami tested in nine villages above the mercury safety level, 2022

Hair samples, Upper Mucajaí; highest levels nearest the mines. Fiocruz study, published Apr 2024. [2]

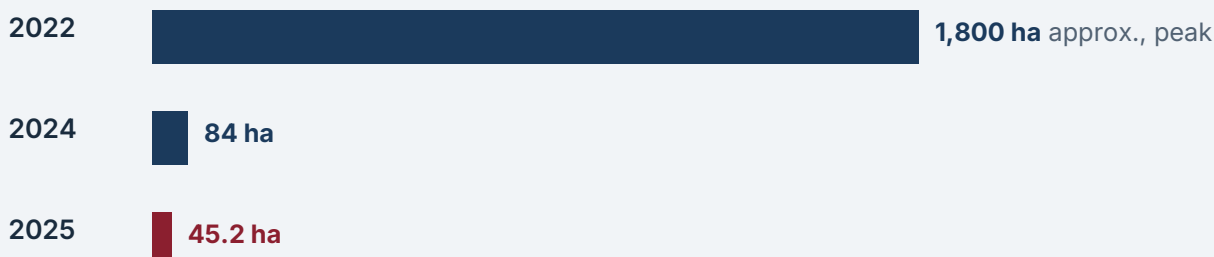
5,564 ha

of Yanomami territory destroyed by illegal mining, to the end of 2025

New damage is falling, but ISA says mining is shifting toward the Venezuelan border. ISA/MAAP, May 2026. [3]

BRAZIL / NEW AREA DESTROYED BY ILLEGAL MINING, HECTARES

Yanomami Indigenous Territory, by year. Peak in 2022; federal removal operations began in 2023. 2023 is not given in the report as published.



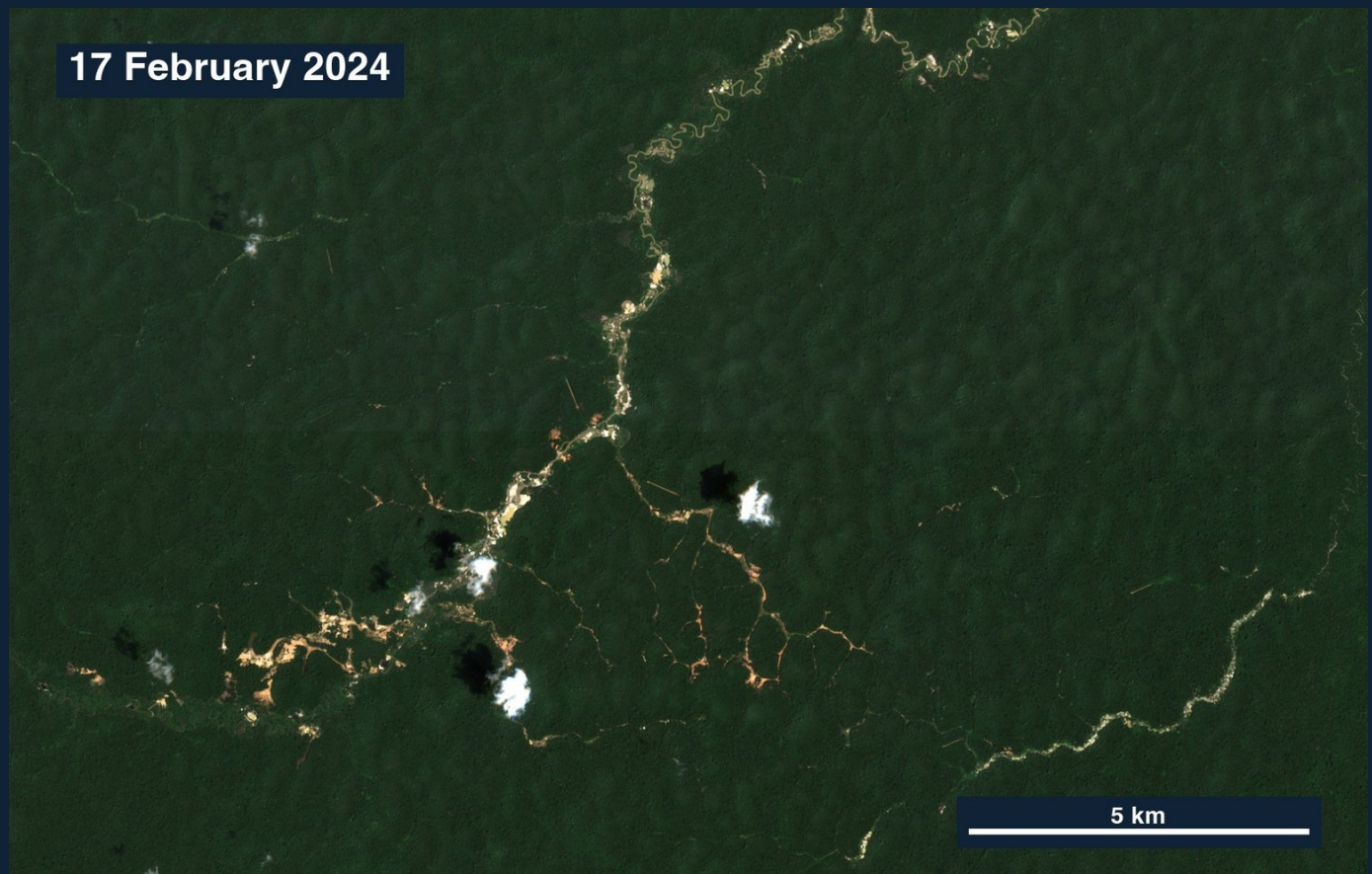
Source: ISA / MAAP satellite monitoring report, 22 May 2026, as reported by Folha de Boa Vista. [3]

THE ASK

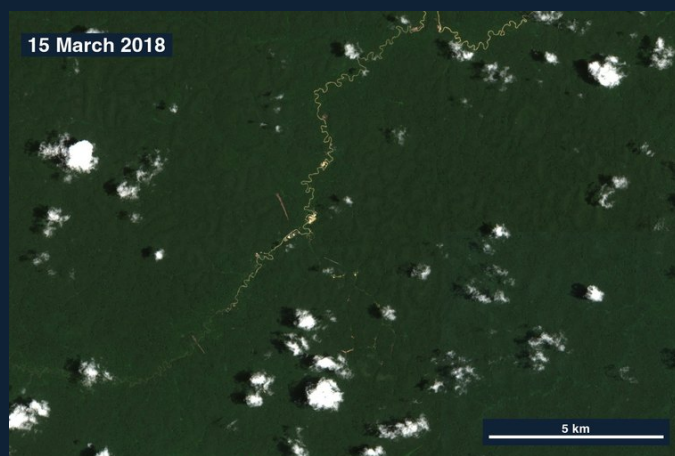
Ask your government to keep illegal Amazon gold off its market, to back the Inter-American Court's protection orders with Brazil, and to ask Venezuela about the Yanomami killed at Parima B.

What the mining did to the river

By the end of 2025 illegal gold mining had stripped 5,564 hectares of the Yanomami Territory, ISA and MAAP found. New damage peaked at about 1,800 hectares in 2022 and fell to 45 in 2025. [3]



Couto de Magalhães river, Yanomami Territory (about 2.62°N, 63.03°W), 17 February 2024: bare mining pits and tailings line the river and its tributaries. Sentinel-2. [src]



Before: the same area on 15 March 2018, with a few small clearings along the river. Same scale. [src]



After the federal operations: 5 August 2025. The scars remain; ISA still maps new mining near old scars here. [src]

Contains modified Copernicus Sentinel data 2018, 2024 and 2025, processed by Libera Mondo; area located from the ISA/MAAP map (MAAP #242). No people are shown.

Three things a government can do this year

Editorial options from Libera Mondo, separate from the findings. Adapt them to your parliament's powers.

1 Keep illegal Amazon gold off the market.

In March 2025 Brazil's Supreme Court ended the rule that let gold buyers presume a seller's good faith and ordered federal bodies to block gold from Indigenous lands. [6] EU Regulation 2017/821 requires gold importers to run OECD due diligence, including for areas off the EU's high-risk list. [7] Ask your authority to treat Amazon gold as high-risk.

Who holds the lever: Economy ministry; competent authority under Regulation 2017/821 | **What counts as progress:** Published checks on Amazon gold

2 Back the court's orders and the health response.

In July 2022 the Inter-American Court ordered Brazil to protect the Yanomami's lives, health, food and water; it still supervises the measures. [8][9] Brazil's health ministry says its gains depend on keeping teams in place. [1] Offer support for keeping miners out and health teams in.

Who holds the lever: Foreign ministry; development agency | **What counts as progress:** Mining damage, deaths still falling

3 Ask Venezuela for an account.

Four Yanomami were killed and four injured in a confrontation with Venezuelan military personnel at Parima B on 20 March 2022; we found no published outcome of the inquiry. [10] SOS Orinoco reports 29 illegal mines at Cerro Avispa, in Yanomami territory, by 2025. [11] Ask Venezuela for the inquiry's result and for action on mining.

Who holds the lever: Foreign ministry; UN Human Rights Council delegation | **What counts as progress:** Inquiry result public

ONE QUESTION TO TABLE

What has the government done to support the Inter-American Court's orders protecting the Yanomami, how does it check that gold on its market is not from Yanomami land, and has it asked Venezuela for the outcome of the inquiry into the killings at Parima B on 20 March 2022?

Keep in view. Yanomami custom forbids speaking the names of the dead or showing their images; with no family consent, this brief shows no faces and names no victims. Venezuela calls Parima B a confrontation; community accounts cite a row over a router. [10]

Reading the numbers. Death counts are the Ministry of Health's, revised between reports (2023: 428, then 435); earlier years were under-reported and are not compared. [1][4] The mercury study covers one area. The chart uses one report's years.

Kurds

Iran, Turkey, Iraq and Syria

In Iran, Kurds are executed for their politics at about four times their share of the population. In Turkey, their elected mayors are replaced and their leaders stay jailed in defiance of Europe's human-rights court.

264

Kurdish prisoners executed in Iran in 2025

About one every 33 hours. Hengaw, minimum count. [1] IHRNGO's stricter two-source count: 82. [2]

48 of 65

HDP-won municipalities handed to trustees after Turkey's 2019 elections

A further 94 were taken over in 2016-17. HRW. [3]

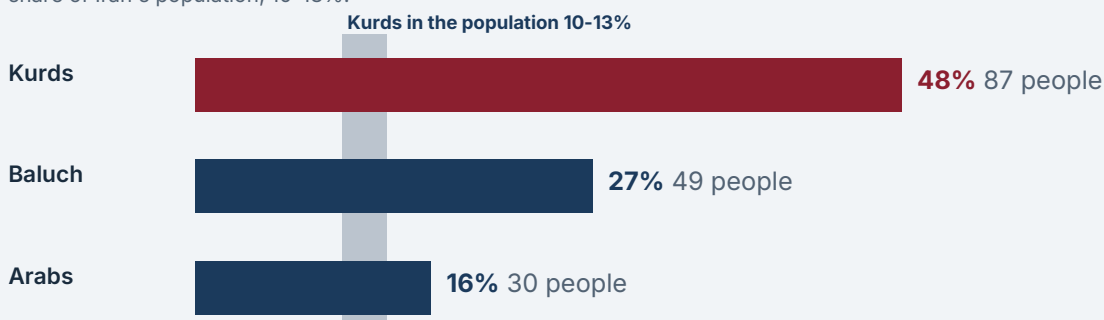
3

European Court rulings against Demirtaş's detention, unimplemented

Jailed since 4 Nov 2016: ten years next month. Council of Europe, Sep 2026. [4]

IRAN / WHO IS EXECUTED FOR POLITICAL AFFILIATION

People executed for affiliation with banned political or armed groups, 2010-2025 (at least 182). Shaded band: Kurds' estimated share of Iran's population, 10-13%.



Source: IHRNGO / ECPM, Annual report on the death penalty in Iran 2025, pp. 96-97. [2]

THE ASK

Ask your government to press for the release of the people on the next page by name: through the Council of Europe for those jailed in Turkey, and directly with Iran for those facing execution.

These are some of the names.

Each figure on page 1 is made of people like these. In Iran's January 2026 crackdown on protests alone, the Kurdish monitor Kurdpa has verified 231 Kurds killed. Status as reported by the cited sources on the date shown.



Selahattin Demirtaş

Turkey · Jailed since 4 Nov 2016

Former HDP co-chair. The European Court of Human Rights has ruled three times that his detention is unlawful and served to stifle political debate. The Council of Europe again demanded his release in September 2026. [src]

Portrait pending permission



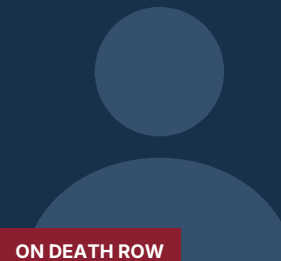
ON DEATH ROW

Pakhshan Azizi

Iran · On death row since 2024

Social worker sentenced to death for 'armed rebellion'. UN experts say torture made the sentence arbitrary. Two retrial requests refused. [src]

Portrait pending permission



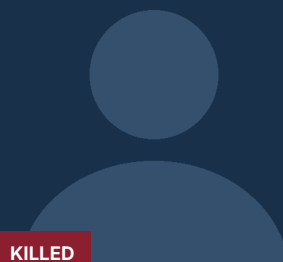
ON DEATH ROW

Varisheh Moradi

Iran · Re-sentenced 14 Oct 2026

Activist from Sanandaj. Her first death sentence was overturned in 2025; a court imposed a second one this month. [src]

Portrait pending permission



KILLED

Jina Mahsa Amini

Iran · Died 16 Sep 2022

Aged 22, died in morality-police custody. The UN Fact-Finding Mission found physical violence caused her unlawful death. [src]

Portrait pending permission

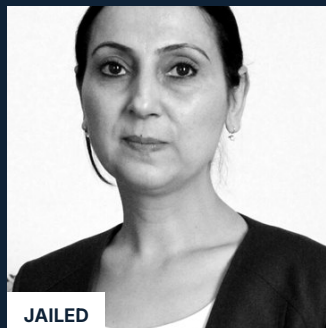


JAILED

Zeinab Jalalian

Iran · Jailed since 2008

In prison for over 18 years; death sentence commuted to life. Denied outside medical care, KHRN says. [src]



Figen Yüksekdağ

Turkey · Jailed since Nov 2016

Former HDP co-chair, sentenced to 30 years in the Kobani case. The Council of Europe demands her release. [src]

Portrait pending permission



EXECUTED

Edris Ali

Iran · 25 Jun 2025

Kurdish border porter hanged for 'spying for Israel' after an arrest for carrying alcohol. IHRNGO says he was tortured. [src]

Portrait pending permission

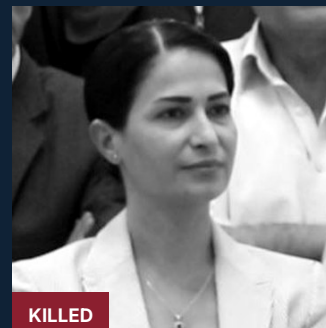


KILLED

Gulistan Tara

Iraq · 23 Aug 2024

Journalist killed by a Turkish drone in Iraqi Kurdistan. CPJ found no evidence for Ankara's claim she was a PKK figure. [src]



Hevrin Khalaf

Syria · 12 Oct 2019

Politician dragged from her car and shot by Ahrar al-Sharqiya, a Turkish-backed group. Amnesty calls it a war crime. [src]

Photos: Mahmut Bozarlan, Yıldız Yazıcıoğlu and Zana Omar (all Voice of America, public domain, via Wikimedia Commons). Grayscale and cropped.

Three things a government can do this year

Editorial options from Libera Mondo, separate from the findings. Adapt them to your parliament's powers.

1 Stop the next execution.

Raise Pakhshan Azizi and Varisheh Moradi by name with Iran now, publicly and in private, and ask for both death sentences to be quashed. Vote to renew and fund the UN Fact-Finding Mission and Special Rapporteur on Iran, which document torture and unfair trials behind such sentences.

Who holds the lever: Foreign ministry; delegation to the UN Human Rights Council | **What counts as progress:** Sentences quashed; mandates renewed

2 Make Turkey's court judgments count.

The Council of Europe's Committee of Ministers supervises Turkey's compliance in the Demirtaş and Yüksekdağ cases. Ask your delegation to back infringement proceedings, as the Committee did in the Kavala case, and to ask that releases of jailed politicians form part of Turkey's peace process.

Who holds the lever: Foreign ministry; delegation to the Council of Europe; members of PACE | **What counts as progress:** Release of both, or a formal infringement vote

3 Account for civilians struck from the air.

Drone strikes have killed Kurdish journalists and civilians in Iraqi Kurdistan and north-east Syria. Ask your government to seek an accounting from the states responsible, and to review export licences for drone components against the risk of serious violations of humanitarian law.

Who holds the lever: Foreign and trade ministries; export-licensing authority | **What counts as progress:** A published licensing review; a reply on named strikes

ONE QUESTION TO TABLE

What has the government done, through the Council of Europe and directly, to secure the release of Selahattin Demirtaş as the European Court of Human Rights has ordered, and to halt the executions of Pakhshan Azizi and Varisheh Moradi in Iran, and what results can it report?

Keep in view. Kurdish political parties, communities and armed groups are different actors. The PKK, listed as a terrorist organization by Turkey, the EU and the US, announced its dissolution in May 2025 within a peace process with Turkey. Civilian protection covers victims of every side, including people under Kurdish-led authorities in Syria.

Reading the numbers. All counts are minimums from named monitors. Hengaw (264) and IHRNGO (82) count Kurdish executions in Iran by different methods; the two figures are never combined. Population shares are NGO estimates; Iran publishes no ethnic census. [1][2][3]

Baha'is

Iran, with Qatar and Yemen

In Iran, 65 Baha'is are held for their faith, and in five years courts gave Baha'is nearly 1,500 years in prison. Under 1% of Iranians, they bear most recorded violations of religious freedom.

65

Baha'is held in Iran's prisons and detention centres on 9 October 2026

At least 19 more serve sentences under electronic tags or on leave. BIC verified count, via IranWire. [1]

1,495 years

of prison imposed on 388 Baha'is in Iran, August 2020 to August 2025

HRANA, which also logged 284 arrests and 419 home searches in the period. [2]

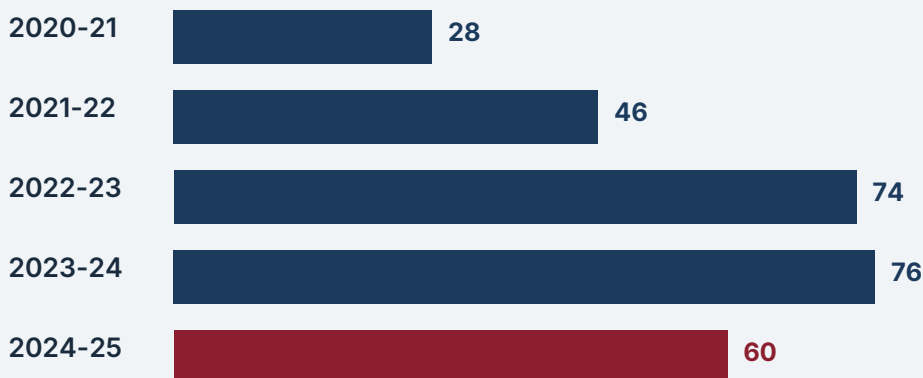
62%

of religious-freedom violations HRANA recorded in Iran in 2025 were against Baha'is

Baha'is are under 1% of Iranians, an estimated 300,000 (AP). HRANA, 210 verified reports. [3][4]

IRAN / ARRESTS OF BAHAI'S RECORDED EACH YEAR

Arrests documented by HRANA per reporting year, August to August (at least 284 in five years).



Source: HRANA, Statistical report on violations of Baha'i rights over the past five years (11 Aug 2025). [2]

THE ASK

Ask your government to raise the people on the next page by name with Iran, starting with Peyvand Naimi, and to report back what answer it received.

These are some of the names.

In September 2026 alone, IranWire counted 68 state actions against Baha'is, from arrests to home raids: one every ten hours. [9] Status as reported by the cited sources on the date shown.

Portrait pending permission

DETAINED

Peyvand Naimi
Iran · Detained since 8 Jan 2026
Swimmer, 30, arrested at work in Kerman in January. Amnesty says he was tortured, including with mock executions, and faces capital charges; 13 UN experts named his case. His family says a judge ordered his release in March. He is still held. [src]

Portrait pending permission

DETAINED

Artin Ghazanfari
Iran · Detained since 19 Jan 2026
News photographer held in Tehran. Two doctors say he needs surgery outside prison; it has not been allowed. [src]

Portrait pending permission

JAILED

Roya Sabet
Iran · Jailed since 25 Oct 2025
Returned from the UAE to care for her parents. Serving ten years; refused leave for her mother's funeral in October. [src]

Portrait pending permission

DETAINED

Sarina Zaeri
Iran · Detained since 14 Sep 2026
Aged 20, arrested in Shiraz; for weeks her family did not know where she was held. No lawyer allowed. [src]

Portrait pending permission

JAILED

Neda Badakhsh
Iran · Jailed since 27 Dec 2025
Serving five years for teaching maths and Persian to Afghan children. Denied specialist medical care, BIC says. [src]

Portrait pending permission

JAILED

Afshin Heiratian
Iran · Sentenced Jul 2026
Children's rights volunteer sentenced to 31 years; he says no lawyer was present. Twelve enforceable if upheld. [src]

Portrait pending permission

DISAPPEARED

Arsalan Yazdani
Iran · Since 9 Sep 2026
Graphic designer jailed in August for three years. Taken from prison on 9 September to a place not disclosed, BIC says. [src]

Portrait pending permission

DIED IN CUSTODY

Dhabihu'llah Mahrami
Iran · Died 15 Dec 2005
Death sentence for apostasy, commuted to life. Died in a Yazd prison cell; no cause given. BIC holds Iran responsible. [src]

Portrait pending permission

EXECUTED

Mona Mahmudnizhad
Iran · 18 Jun 1983
Aged 17, hanged in Shiraz with nine other Baha'i women after refusing to recant. She taught children's classes. [src]

No portraits cleared yet; silhouettes mark pending permissions.

Three things a government can do this year

Editorial options from Libera Mondo, separate from the findings. Adapt them to your parliament's powers.

1

Stop the case against the Naimi cousins.

Raise Peyvand and Bornā Naimi by name with Iran. Amnesty says both were tortured, including with mock executions, and face capital charges built on coerced confessions; 13 UN experts have asked for independent investigations. [5][6] Ask for the charges to be dropped, and for lawyers and doctors for all 65 Baha'is held.

Who holds the lever: Foreign ministry; delegation to the UN Human Rights Council | **What counts as progress:** Charges dropped; lawyers admitted; releases

2

Open your universities to the students Iran shuts out.

Iran bars Baha'is from its universities under a 1991 government memorandum and since 2023 has made applicants renounce their beliefs, the BIC reports. [8] Ask universities, scholarship schemes and the recognition centre to assess study at the community-run Baha'i Institute for Higher Education, and to admit excluded Baha'i students.

Who holds the lever: Education ministry; national academic recognition centre (ENIC-NARIC); universities | **What counts as progress:** A published recognition policy; first places offered

3

Ask Qatar to stop the deportations.

Qatar has told four Baha'is, residents for a combined 162 years, to leave, by word of mouth and without documents, the BIC reports; over 20 Baha'i families have been forced out in 15 years. [7] Ask Qatar to suspend the deportations and to issue written decisions that can be appealed.

Who holds the lever: Foreign ministry; embassy in Doha | **What counts as progress:** Deportations suspended; written, appealable decisions

ONE QUESTION TO TABLE

What has the government done to secure the release of Peyvand and Bornā Naimi, Baha'is who Amnesty says were tortured and face capital charges in Iran, and will it ask Qatar to halt the deportation of Baha'i residents?

Keep in view. Iranian officials call Baha'is spies for Israel; Amnesty found no evidence linking the Naimi cousins to any recognisable offence. [4][5] Since the war began in February 2026, state TV has aired forced confessions of Baha'is, the BIC says. [8] In Yemen, the Houthis released in August 2024 the last of 17 Baha'is detained in a 2023 raid. [10]

Reading the numbers. Minimum counts from named monitors. The BIC counts people held on a date (UN experts cited 57 in July); HRANA counts cases over August-to-August years. The two are never combined. The BIC logged at least 110 arrests in June-November 2025. Iran publishes no count of Baha'is; 300,000 is an AP estimate. [1][2][3][8]

Druze

Syria: Suwayda province and rural Damascus

In six days of July 2025, at least 1,707 people were killed in Syria's Suwayda province, most of them Druze. UN investigators found government forces killed Druze civilians in homes and streets; Druze and tribal fighters also killed civilians. 155 are still missing.

1,707

people killed in Suwayda, 14 to 19 July 2025

UN Commission of Inquiry, conservative minimum; 1,342 were Druze. Syria's own inquiry counts 1,760. [1][2]

46

Druze people shot dead by government and affiliated forces, 15-16 July 2025

44 men and 2 women, verified from videos and witnesses. Amnesty International. [3]

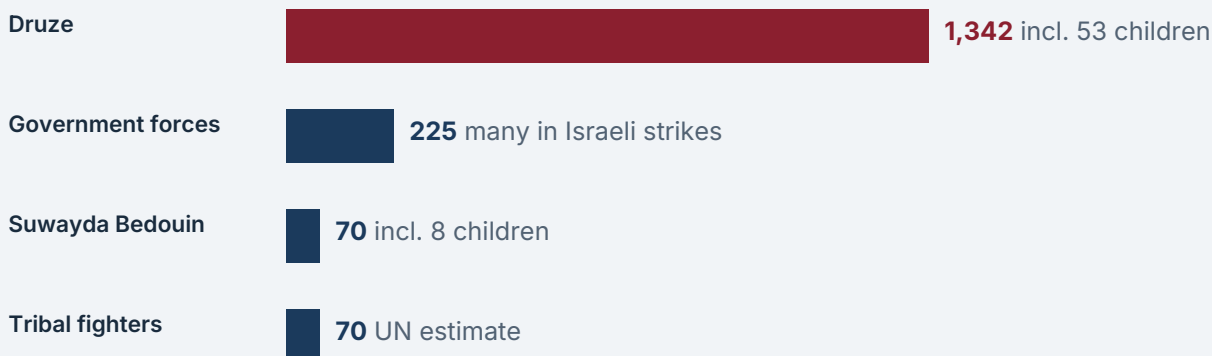
155

people still missing in March 2026, at least 100 of them Druze

Also 25 Bedouin and 30 government personnel. UN Commission of Inquiry. [1]

SUWAYDA, JULY 2025 / WHO WAS KILLED

UN Commission of Inquiry's conservative count. One event: no population band or yearly series applies.



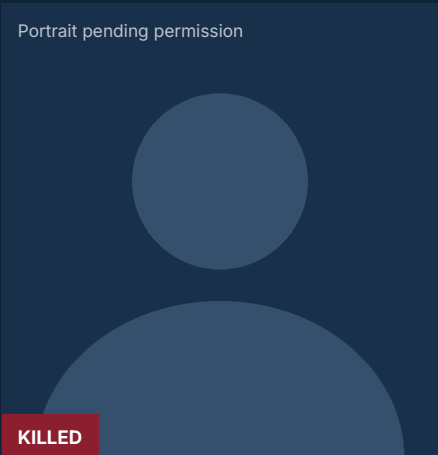
Source: UN Independent International Commission of Inquiry on Syria, A/HRC/61/CRP.7 (27 March 2026), paras. 48-50 and note 64. [1]

THE ASK

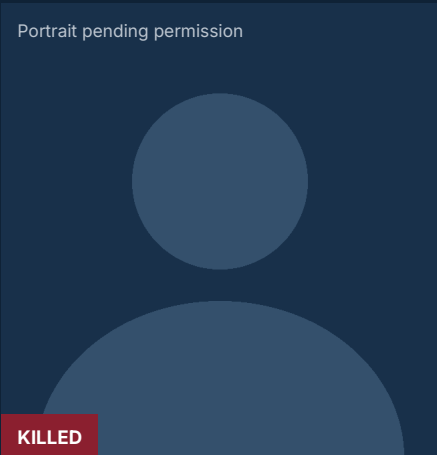
Ask your government to raise the people on the next page by name with Syria's transitional government, and to ask what the Damascus trials have found about who killed them.

These are some of the names.

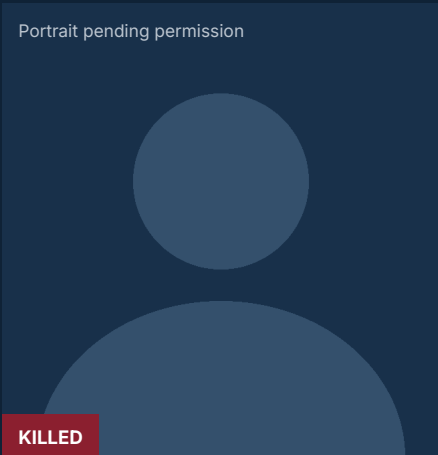
Each figure on page 1 is made of people like these. Medical workers told UN investigators 368 bodies reached Suwayda National Hospital on 15-17 July 2025. Status as reported by the cited sources on the date shown.



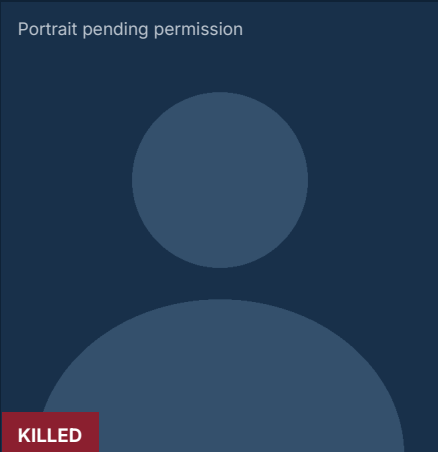
Mohammad Bahsas
Syria · 16 Jul 2025
Engineer volunteering at Suwayda National Hospital. UN investigators say two Syrian army soldiers shot him in front of staff forced to kneel; CCTV recorded it. Five accused are on trial. [src]



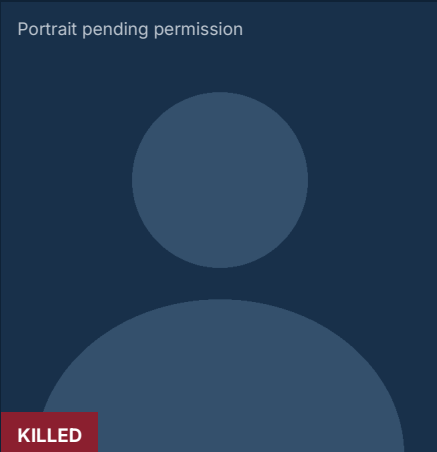
Hosam Saraya
Syria · 16 Jul 2025
US citizen, 35, visiting family. Marched with seven other men, six of them relatives, to Tishreen Square and shot. The gunmen filmed it; HRW names government and affiliated forces. [src]



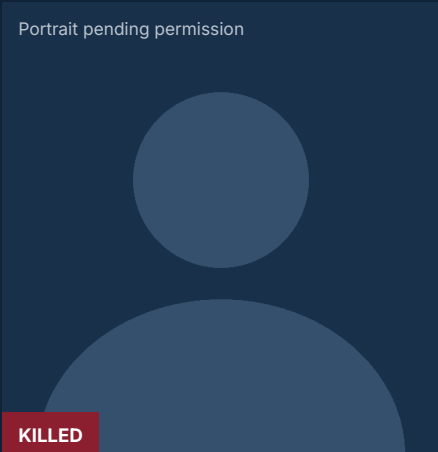
Manar Abu Saadeh
Syria · 15-16 Jul 2025
Lawyer. Killed with her husband and their two student sons when their house was set on fire. HRW says the attackers wore military and security uniforms. [src]



Sari al-Shoufi
Syria · 14 Jul 2025
Photojournalist for Suwayda 24, killed covering the assault on his village, Taara. CPJ says his death was confirmed after a ten-day search. [src]



Madaya Abu Fakher
Syria · 19 Jul 2025
Aged 75. Shot dead at home with her son Salim, 50. HRW says the gunmen were Bedouin fighters from a nearby neighbourhood. [src]



Hussam Warwar
Syria, rural Damascus · 30 Apr 2025
Former mayor of Sahnaya who had welcomed government forces. UN investigators say gunmen took him and his son from home; both were found dead next day. [src]

No portraits cleared yet; silhouettes mark pending permissions.

Three things a government can do this year

Editorial options from Libera Mondo, separate from the findings. Adapt them to your parliament's powers.

1

Make the trials reach the commanders.

Trials over the Suwayda killings opened in Damascus's Military Criminal Court in July 2026. HRW warns Syrian law lacks command responsibility, so those who ordered killings may escape. Ask Damascus to legislate it, publish every verdict, and pursue accountability at all levels of command, as the UN inquiry urges. [5][6]

Who holds the lever: Foreign ministry | **What counts as progress:** Command responsibility in law; senior officers charged

2

Find the missing, on every side.

At least 155 people are still missing: about 100 Druze who may be held by tribal fighters or criminal networks, and others such as Hamza al-Amareen, a rescuer Amnesty says Druze-led groups abducted. Fund the search; press Damascus and the National Guard to free all held unlawfully. [1]

Who holds the lever: Foreign and aid ministries | **What counts as progress:** The 155 accounted for; detainees freed

3

Tie closer ties to protection.

The EU lifted economic sanctions in May 2025, restored its Cooperation Agreement with Syria in May 2026 and offers about €620 million for 2026-27, with no new human-rights conditions. The UN inquiry urges conditioning support on respect for the law. Ask for benchmarks on accountability and minority protection. [7][8]

Who holds the lever: EU Council and member states | **What counts as progress:** Benchmarks published and met

ONE QUESTION TO TABLE

What has the government asked Syria's transitional authorities about the killings of Mohammad Bahsas at Suwayda National Hospital and of Hosam Saraya and seven other men at Tishreen Square, and will it link further support to prosecutions that reach the commanders?

Keep in view. Druze armed groups, now the National Guard loyal to Sheikh Hikmat al-Hijri, killed Bedouin civilians and drove nearly all Bedouin out of the areas they hold, the UN inquiry found. Damascus says it sent forces to restore order and calls some Druze factions separatist outlaws. Israel struck Syrian forces in July 2025, saying it was protecting the Druze; the UN inquiry urged it to stop. Druze leaders are divided over Israel and autonomy. [1][4]

Reading the numbers. Minimum counts from named sources, never combined. The UN calls the real toll much higher than 1,707; Syria's inquiry counts 1,760 and called the violations individual, not systematic. Amnesty's 46 covers two days. [1][2][3]

Baluchis

Pakistan and Iran

In Pakistan, Baloch people are taken and not returned. In Iran, they are executed far beyond their share of the population, almost always in silence.

1,482

enforced disappearances
recorded in Pakistan in 2025

998 of them still missing at follow-up.
HRCB, minimum count. [2]

126

of those disappeared were
later reported killed

HRCB follow-up of its 2025 cases, statuses
as of mid-2026. [2]

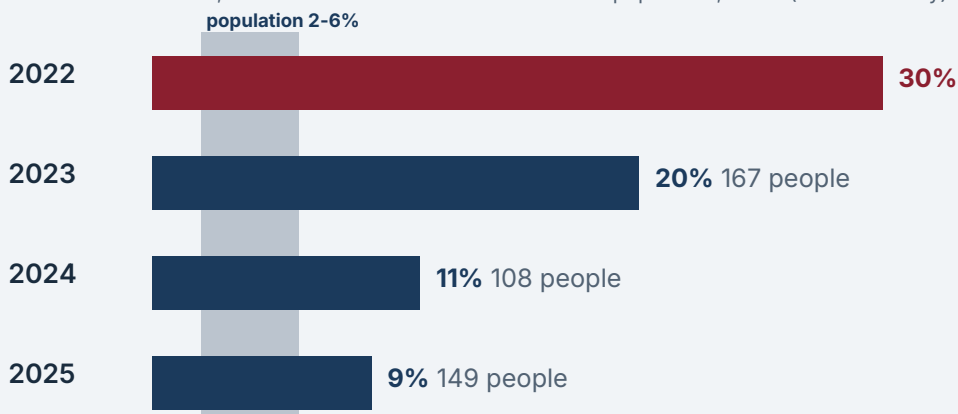
149

Baluchis executed in Iran in
2025

Only 3 of these executions were officially
announced. 106 were for drug offences.
IHRNGO/ECPM. [5]

IRAN / SHARE OF ALL EXECUTIONS THAT WERE BALUCH

Recorded executions, at least. Shaded band: Baluch share of population, 2-6% (estimates vary).



Source: IHRNGO / ECPM, Annual report on the death penalty in Iran 2025, pp. 97-98. [5]

THE ASK

Ask your government to name individual cases in its dealings with Pakistan and Iran, starting with the people on the next page, and to report back what answers it received.

These are some of the names.

Each figure on page 1 is made of people like these. In Zahedan on a single day, 30 September 2022, Amnesty counts 87 people killed, 15 of them children. Status as reported by the cited sources on the date shown.



Mahrang Baloch

Pakistan · Sentenced to life 22 Jun 2026

Leader of the Baloch Yakjehti Committee, a peaceful civil-rights movement. Arrested March 2025 and sentenced to life by an anti-terrorism court in Quetta. Amnesty says the trial was held in secret and that she is targeted for her human-rights work. [src]

Portrait pending permission



KILLED

Jaber Shiroozei

Iran · 30 Sep 2022

Aged 12. Amnesty says security forces shot him in the head during Zahedan's "Bloody Friday". [src]

Portrait pending permission



EXECUTED

Javid Dehghan

Iran · 30 Jan 2021

Hanged in Zahedan for 'moharebeh'; Amnesty and IHRNGO say convicted on torture-tainted confessions after unfair trial. [src]

Portrait pending permission



DISAPPEARED

Dr Deen Mohammad Baloch

Pakistan · 28 Jun 2009

Doctor taken in Khuzdar district. Fate still unknown. His daughter Sammi has campaigned for him for 17 years. [src]

Portrait pending permission



ON DEATH ROW

Soleiman Shahbakhsh

Iran · Sentence upheld Oct 2024

Baluch political prisoner sentenced to death for armed rebellion; Amnesty says he was a child at the alleged offence. [src]

Portrait pending permission



KILLED

Balaach Mola Bakhsh

Pakistan · 23 Nov 2023

20-year-old killed while in Counter Terrorism Department custody, family says; CTD claims crossfire. FIR filed against four officers. [src]

Portrait pending permission



DISAPPEARED

Zahid Baloch

Pakistan · 18 Mar 2014

BSO-Azad chairman; Amnesty cites witnesses saying Frontier Corps personnel seized him at gunpoint in Quetta. [src]



Karima Baloch

Died in Toronto · 21 Dec 2020

Exiled student leader, BBC 100 Women 2016. Found dead in Toronto; police ruled the death non-criminal. [src]

Portrait pending permission



ON DEATH ROW

Mohammad Darvish Narouyi

Iran · 16 Jun 2025

Protester, 22, sentenced to death over a Zahedan protest. IHRNGO says his confession was extracted under torture. [src]

Photo credits: Mahrang Baloch: Isak Khan / Wikimedia Commons, CC BY 4.0; Karima Baloch: Patrika News / Wikimedia Commons, CC BY 3.0. Grayscale and cropped.

Three things a government can do this year

Editorial options from Libera Mondo, separate from the findings. Adapt them to your parliament's powers.

1

Name the people, not just the problem.

Raise individual cases, starting with Mahrang Baloch and the disappeared on page 2, in bilateral meetings with Pakistan. Request embassy attendance at the appeal hearings and a written government response on each case.

Who holds the lever: Foreign ministry; embassy in Islamabad | **What counts as progress:** A dated, case-by-case answer from Pakistan

2

Use the trade review that already exists.

Pakistan holds EU GSP+ trade preferences, which depend on implementing human-rights conventions, including the ICCPR and the Convention against Torture. Ask that enforced disappearances and the fair-trial record be assessed explicitly in the next monitoring cycle.

Who holds the lever: Trade ministry; MEPs; European Commission | **What counts as progress:** Named findings in the GSP+ report

3

Stop subsidising the drug-execution pipeline.

Most Baluchis executed in Iran were convicted of drug offences in Revolutionary Courts, which IHRNGO says routinely deny a fair trial. Ask whether any national funding supports counter-narcotics cooperation with Iran, and make it conditional on no death sentences for drug offences.

Who holds the lever: Development or interior ministry; UNODC donors | **What counts as progress:** A written answer on funding and safeguards

ONE QUESTION TO TABLE

What has the government done to seek answers on enforced disappearances in Pakistan, including the case of Mahrang Baloch, and on fair-trial safeguards for Baluchi prisoners facing execution in Iran, and what results can it report?

Keep in view. The Baloch Liberation Army claimed the March 2025 Jaffar Express attack, condemned by the UN Security Council. [8] Armed groups and peaceful civil-rights movements are different actors. Civilian protection covers victims of both.

Reading the numbers. All counts are minimums from named monitors (HRCB in Pakistan; IHRNGO/ECPM in Iran), not independently re-audited. The 2025 Iran share fell to 9% partly because executions rose sharply elsewhere in Iran. Full method and sources: pages 4-9. [2][5]

Yazidis

Iraq, Syria and the diaspora

Twelve years after ISIS attacked Sinjar, about 2,500 of the 6,417 Yazidis it abducted are still missing, more than 200,000 Yazidis are still displaced, and most remains taken from the mass graves have no name.

2,558

Yazidis abducted by ISIS in 2014 still missing in 2025

Of 6,417 abducted. Kurdistan Region rescue office, March 2025. [1] Its head said 'nearly 2,500' in August 2026. [2]

200,000+

Yazidis still displaced within Iraq in 2026

Nearly 90,000 of them in 13 camps. About 200,000 have gone home to Sinjar. Yazda, August 2026. [3]

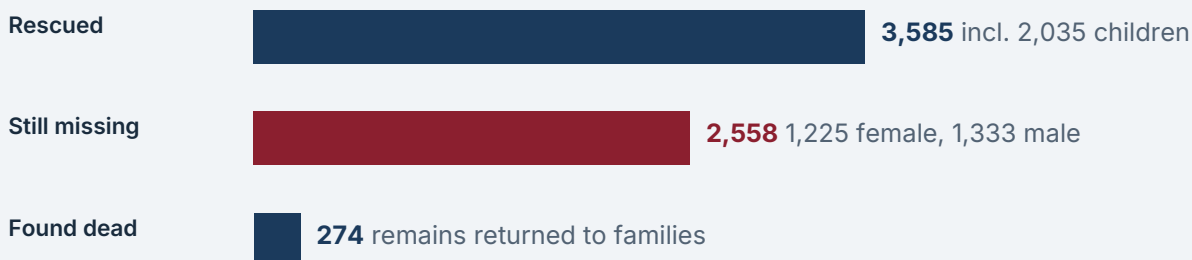
298 of 762

sets of remains from Sinjar's mass graves identified by 2025

Identified by DNA and returned to families. Kurdistan Region rescue office, August 2025. [4]

THE 6,417 YAZIDIS ISIS ABDUCTED IN 2014 / WHAT BECAME OF THEM

Kurdistan Region rescue office, March 2025. One office's count of one group: no population band applies, and the office publishes no consistent yearly series to chart a trend.



Source: Office for Rescuing Kidnapped Yazidis (Kurdistan Regional Government), via Kurdistan24, 2 March 2025. [1]

THE ASK

Ask your government to raise the missing people on the next page by name with the Iraqi and Kurdistan Region authorities, and to fund the search for the living and the identification of the dead.

These are some of the names.

Each figure on page 1 is made of people like these. In Kocho alone, about 600 people died in August 2014. Families of the missing often publish only a first name. Status as reported by the cited sources on the date shown.

Portrait pending permission  DISAPPEARED Birq Iraq · Missing since August 2014 Taken from Kocho by ISIS in August 2014, when the village's men and boys were driven away and shot. His father, Ali Bashar, survived the shooting; his mother, Samo, was enslaved. Both live in Calgary and have had no word of him in ten years. [src]	Portrait pending permission  KILLED Shami Iraq · Killed Aug 2014 Nadia Murad's mother. Killed with older Kocho women ISIS judged too old to enslave; in 2021 her remains still awaited identification. [src]	Portrait pending permission  DISAPPEARED Saleh Iraq · Missing since Aug 2014 Taken from Kocho at 14; now about 26. His father survived the massacre and knows nothing of his fate. [src]
Portrait pending permission  KILLED Reda Iraq · Died 2015 Aged five, enslaved with her mother and chained outside in the heat until she died. A German court convicted her captor of genocide. [src]	Portrait pending permission  KILLED Ahmed Jasso Iraq · 15 Aug 2014 Kocho's headman, who negotiated with ISIS for 12 days; killed when the village's men were taken away. [src]	Portrait pending permission  KILLED Jamil Sulaiman Iraq · 30 Jun 2022 Activist who urged armed groups to leave Sinjar; found shot dead. Police said they then arrested the killer. [src]

No portraits cleared yet; silhouettes mark pending permissions.

Three things a government can do this year

Editorial options from Libera Mondo, separate from the findings. Adapt them to your parliament's powers.

1 Find the missing and name the dead.

By August 2025 only 298 of 762 sets of remains from Sinjar's mass graves had been identified. [4] Fund exhumation and DNA identification, including samples from relatives abroad. Ask Syria to look for Yazidis among those who left al-Hol camp before it closed in February 2026. [5][6]

Who holds the lever: Development and foreign ministries; embassies in Baghdad and Damascus | **What counts as progress:** Graves opened and identities published each year; Yazidis found in Syria returned

2 Prosecute the genocide, not only membership of ISIS.

UN investigators found that ISIS committed genocide against the Yazidis. [17][7] A German court gave the first genocide judgment in 2021; Yazda counts 15 such cases in Europe, while Iraq prosecutes mainly for terrorism. [8][3] Charge returning fighters with crimes against Yazidis, and press for a legal route to the evidence UN investigators gathered before closing in 2024. [9]

Who holds the lever: Justice ministry and war-crimes prosecutors; delegation to the UN | **What counts as progress:** Genocide or enslavement charges brought; UN archive opened to national prosecutors

3 Help the displaced go home, and protect those who fled.

Baghdad and Erbil signed the Sinjar Agreement in 2020; in 2023 a UN envoy said its incomplete implementation deters returns, and in August 2026 the Kurdistan Region's president again urged Baghdad to act. [10][11] Tie stabilisation funding to its steps. Do not deport survivors: Germany recognised the genocide in 2023, then deported seven Yazidis on one flight in 2025. [12][13]

Who holds the lever: Foreign and development ministries; interior ministry and asylum authority | **What counts as progress:** A mayor and a locally recruited police force in place in Sinjar; no deportations of Yazidi survivors

ONE QUESTION TO TABLE

What has the government done to help find Birq, Saleh and the other Yazidis abducted by ISIS who are still missing, and to fund the identification of the remains in Sinjar's mass graves, and with what results?

Keep in view. ISIS, the perpetrator, is a non-state group listed as terrorist by the UN Security Council, so page 2 records what authorities have done, not a state's account. Sinjar is also contested by the Iraqi army, Kurdish forces and the YBŞ, a Yazidi-led militia HRW says has perceived links to the PKK; likely Turkish drone strikes there have killed civilians. [14][15]

Reading the numbers. Missing counts are the Kurdistan Region rescue office's and change with each statement; some outlets cite up to 2,900. Displacement is Yazda's count. Figures from different bodies are never combined. Death tolls are omitted. [1][2][3][4]

Assyrians, Chaldeans and Syriacs

Iraq, Syria, Turkey and Iran

Iraq's Christians, mostly Chaldeans and Assyrians, have fallen from about 1.5 million before 2003 to under 150,000, church leaders estimate. In 2023 a militia's party won every provincial council seat reserved for them.

Under 150,000

Christians left in Iraq in 2023, church leaders estimate

Down from about 1.5 million before 2003. US State Department, 2023. [1]

253

Assyrians abducted by ISIS in Syria's Khabur valley, 2015

From 35 villages on 23 Feb 2015; three were later shot on video. AINA. [2][13]

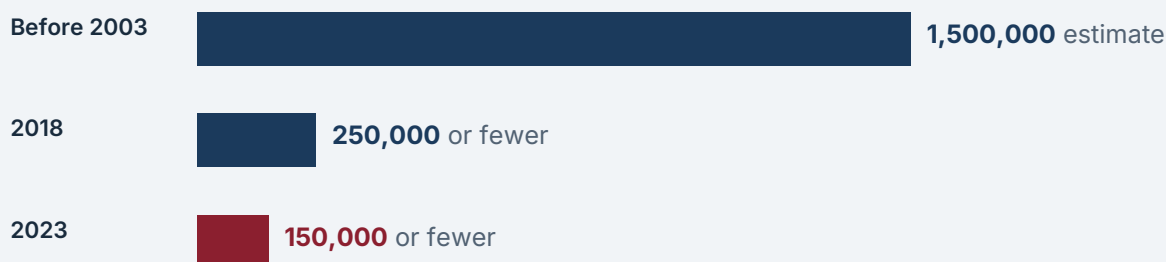
4 of 4

Christian seats on Iraq's provincial councils won by a militia's party, 2023

Babylon Movement, of the 50th PMF Brigade. US State Dept. [1] Parliament 2025: 2 of 5. [4]

IRAQ / CHRISTIANS REMAINING, AS ESTIMATED BY CHURCH LEADERS

Estimates, not counts: Iraq publishes no census figure for Christians. Upper bounds reported each year.



Source: US State Department, International Religious Freedom Reports: Iraq, 2018 and 2023 editions. [5][1]

THE ASK

Ask your government to raise the people on the next page by name: with Turkey, to find Hurmüz Diril and everyone responsible; with Iraq, to let the Christians of the Nineveh Plains police and represent themselves.

These are some of the names.

Each figure on page 1 is made of people like these. In 2010 an attack on Baghdad's Our Lady of Salvation church left 58 people dead, two priests among them. [19] Status as reported by the cited sources on the date shown.

Portrait pending permission

DISAPPEARED

Hurmüz Diril

Turkey · Missing since Jan 2020

Chaldean villager who returned in 2011 to his family's village in Şırnak, emptied several times before. Missing with his wife since January 2020. In September 2026 a court jailed a relative for killing him, but his body has never been found; the family's lawyer says the man did not act alone. [src]

Portrait pending permission

KILLED

Şimuni Diril

Turkey · Found 17 Mar 2020

Found dead in a stream near her village 70 days after she vanished. A relative is serving life for her murder; two co-accused were acquitted. [src]

Portrait pending permission

KILLED

Basam Michael

Syria · Killed 23 Sep 2015

From Tel Shamiram, born 1976. One of 253 Assyrians ISIS abducted from the Khabur villages; shot on video with two others. [src]

Portrait pending permission

KILLED

Fr Ragheed Ganni

Iraq · 3 Jun 2007

Chaldean priest, shot dead with three sub-deacons outside Mosul's Holy Spirit Church as they left Mass. [src]

Portrait pending permission

KILLED

Abp Paulos Faraj Rahho

Iraq · Found dead Mar 2008

Archbishop of Mosul, kidnapped leaving church. An Iraqi court sentenced an al-Qaeda leader to death for his killing. [src]

No portraits cleared yet; silhouettes mark pending permissions.

Three things a government can do this year

Editorial options from Libera Mondo, separate from the findings. Adapt them to your parliament's powers.

1

Give the Nineveh Plains back to its own people.

The 30th PMF Brigade ignores 2019 orders to leave its Nineveh Plains checkpoints, and displaced Christians will not return to Tel Keppe for fear of the 50th Brigade, whose commander the US has sanctioned, the US State Department reports. [1][8] Ask Iraq to enforce the withdrawal and recruit police locally. Tie stabilisation funding to it and to the return of seized property.

Who holds the lever: Foreign, defence and development ministries; embassy in Baghdad | **What counts as progress:** Brigades off the checkpoints; seized property returned through the courts

2

Find Hurmüz Diril, and make Strasbourg's ruling count.

Hurmüz Diril's remains have not been found. His family's lawyers seek military drone footage of the area and have taken the acquittals in his wife's killing to Turkey's Constitutional Court. [9][11] Ask Turkey to search fully and investigate everyone involved. In the Council of Europe, press for execution of the 2023 Strasbourg judgment on the Mor Gabriel monastery's land. [12]

Who holds the lever: Foreign ministry; delegation to the Council of Europe; members of PACE | **What counts as progress:** His remains found; the footage examined; the Mor Gabriel judgment executed

3

Let Christians choose their own representatives.

Any Iraqi voter may vote for the Christian quota seats; in 2023 a militia's party won all four on provincial councils. [3][1] Ask Iraq to elect them from a community register. Ask Syria, whose 2025 constitutional declaration makes Islamic jurisprudence 'the main source' of law, to guarantee non-Muslims equal citizenship in its permanent constitution. [20]

Who holds the lever: Foreign ministry; parliamentary friendship groups; EU delegations | **What counts as progress:** An amended Iraqi election law; equal citizenship in Syria's draft constitution

ONE QUESTION TO TABLE

What has the government done to press Turkey to find Hurmüz Diril's remains and all those responsible, and to press Iraq to pull militias out of the Nineveh Plains?

Keep in view. The US found in 2016 that ISIS committed genocide against Yazidis, Christians and Shia; UN investigators found crimes against humanity and war crimes against Christians. [14][15] Sweden's parliament and others recognise the 1914-24 killings of Assyrians as genocide; Turkey rejects the term. [16] An Assyrian pastor in Iran and his wife fled prison terms over house churches in 2020. [18] The 2023 Qaraqosh wedding fire was an accident, Iraq's inquiry found. [17]

Reading the numbers. Population figures are estimates for all Christians in Iraq, about 87% Chaldean or Assyrian Church of the East; the pre-2003 baseline varies (0.8-1.5 million). Figures from different bodies are never combined. [1][5]

Ahmadis

Pakistan, with Bangladesh and Burkina Faso

Pakistan's law bars Ahmadis from calling themselves Muslims; in 2025 police registered 175 cases against them for Friday prayers. Under 0.3% of Pakistanis, they are 30% of those accused of blasphemy since 1987.

175

criminal cases against Ahmadis in 2025 for offering Friday prayers

97 people taken into custody. IHRD, the community's monitor. [1]

381

Ahmadi graves desecrated or destroyed in Pakistan in 2025

77 of them by police. 308 in 2024. IHRD, community count. [1][2]

277

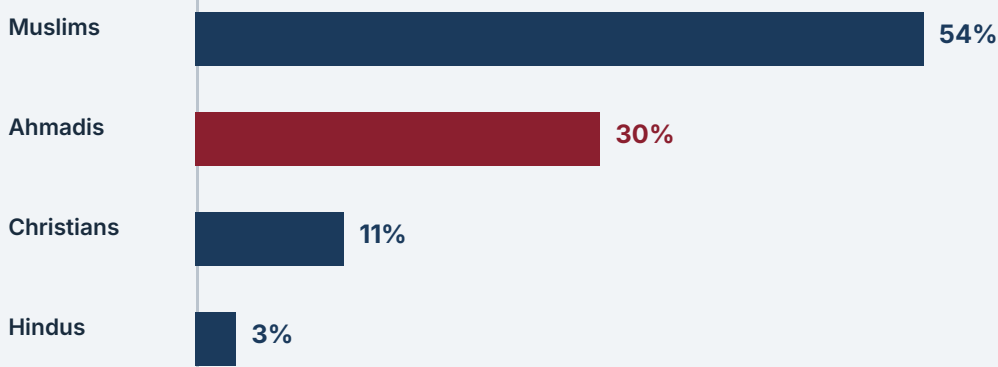
Ahmadis killed for their faith in Pakistan, 1984 to 2023

Community count. IHRD records six more killed in 2024 and three in 2025. [3][2][1]

PAKISTAN / WHO IS ACCUSED OF BLASPHEMY

Share of all people accused of blasphemy, by religion, 1987-2024. Band: Ahmadis' estimated share of the population, 0.07-0.25%.

Ahmadis in the population: 0.07-0.25%



Source: Centre for Social Justice, Lahore, annual data to 2024, reported by Morning Star News. Population: 162,684 in the 2023 census; estimates up to 600,000 (UK Home Office, EUAA). [4][5][8]

THE ASK

Ask your government to raise Mubarak Ahmad Sani and the others on the next page by name with Pakistan, and to link its EU trade preferences to ending anti-Ahmadi measures.

These are some of the names.

In 2025, three Ahmadis were killed for their faith in Pakistan and a fourth died in police custody, the community's monitor reports. [1] Status as reported by the cited sources on the date shown.

Portrait pending permission

JAILED

Mubarak Ahmad Sani
Pakistan · Jailed for life, 24 Dec 2025
Ahmadi educator, sentenced to life for distributing an Ahmadi commentary of the Qur'an. In 2024 the Supreme Court had freed him on bail, finding his detention breached his constitutional rights; after protests, it removed parts of its ruling. [src]

Portrait pending permission

DIED IN CUSTODY

Tahir Mahmood
Pakistan · 11 May 2025
Local Ahmadi president jailed over Friday prayers after a TLP complaint. The community says he was denied medical care. [src]

Portrait pending permission

DETAINED

Shiraz Ahmad
Pakistan · Held since 25 Feb 2021
Held over Ahmadi content shared in a WhatsApp group; a blasphemy charge carrying the death penalty was added. Bail refused again in 2025. [src]

Portrait pending permission



KILLED

Laeq Ahmad Cheema
Pakistan · 18 Apr 2025
Businessman, 46, beaten to death by a TLP-led mob near an Ahmadi hall. Police identified six attackers on CCTV and detained 13 people. [src]

Portrait pending permission

KILLED

Sheikh Mahmood
Pakistan · 16 May 2025
Gastroenterologist, 58, shot at his hospital after threats over his faith, the community says. Police said the motive was unclear. [src]

Portrait pending permission

KILLED

Mirza Safdar Mahmood
Pakistan · 2 Sep 2026
Local Ahmadi official, 65, shot on his way to prayers. The gunman escaped; no motive has been established. [src]

Portrait pending permission

KILLED

Muhammad Asif
Pakistan · 24 Apr 2025
Aged 19, shot near his home by unidentified gunmen after two years of threats against Ahmadis in his village, IHRD says. [src]

Portrait pending permission

KILLED

Ghulam Sarwar
Pakistan · 8 Jun 2024
Farmer, 62, shot after prayers; Rahat Ahmad Bajwa was shot 20 minutes later. Police say a madrasa student confessed. [src]

Portrait pending permission

KILLED

Boureima Bidiga
Burkina Faso · 11 Jan 2023
Imam, 67, shot with eight other men at his mosque in Mahdiabad after each refused to renounce his faith, the community says. [src]

Photo: Laeeq Ahmad Cheema by G.qadir94, CC BY-SA 4.0, via Wikimedia Commons. Grayscale and cropped.

Three things a government can do this year

Editorial options from Libera Mondo, separate from the findings. Adapt them to your parliament's powers.

1 Free the man jailed for life over a Qur'an commentary.

Raise Mubarak Ahmad Sani and Shiraz Ahmad by name with Pakistan. Sani was sentenced to life in December 2025 for distributing an Ahmadi commentary of the Qur'an; Shiraz Ahmad has been held since 2021 on a capital blasphemy charge. [1] Ask to attend their hearings, and for their release.

Who holds the lever: Foreign ministry; embassy in Islamabad; delegation to the UN Human Rights Council | **What counts as progress:** Embassy present at hearings; both men released

2 Write the Ahmadis into Pakistan's new trade preferences.

The EU's July 2026 GSP+ review found Ahmadis 'subject to particular discrimination and violence' and said measures against them 'should be ended'. Pakistan must reapply under new rules from 2027; approval is not automatic. [6][7] Ask for Ahmadi benchmarks: no prosecutions for prayer, no police demolition of minarets or graves, one voters' list. [11]

Who holds the lever: Trade and foreign ministries; Council of the EU; MEPs; European Commission | **What counts as progress:** Benchmarks in the EU's assessment; fewer cases in the 2026 count

3 Do not send Ahmadis back to be safe in Rabwah.

EU asylum guidance of October 2026 says Ahmadis face a lower risk in Rabwah, where they are the majority. [8] Gunmen fired on Ahmadi guards at mosques there in October 2025 and June 2026. [1][13] The UK finds relocation unreasonable for those who practise openly, as the laws apply nationwide. [5] Assess them as at risk anywhere in Pakistan.

Who holds the lever: Interior ministry; asylum authority; member on the EU Asylum Agency's board | **What counts as progress:** National guidance updated; no refusals on relocation grounds

ONE QUESTION TO TABLE

What has the government done to secure the release of Mubarak Ahmad Sani and Shiraz Ahmad, Ahmadis held in Pakistan under its blasphemy laws, and will it make ending anti-Ahmadi measures a condition of Pakistan's EU trade preferences?

Keep in view. Most killings are by gunmen and mobs; TLP agitation often preceded police action, the IHRD says. [1] Attacks on two Lahore mosques killed 86 in 2010. [2] A mob burned 117 Ahmadi homes, shops and a mosque in Bangladesh in 2024; gunmen killed nine Ahmadi men in Burkina Faso in 2023. [12][14]

Reading the numbers. Cases, graves and killings are the community's own counts (IHRD), not independently verified. Blasphemy shares are CSJ's and are never combined with them. The 2023 census, which many Ahmadis boycott, counted 162,684. [1][3][4][5]

Haratine

Mauritania

Mauritania calls slavery a crime against humanity, yet reported no hereditary-slavery convictions in the past two years. In 2026 it arrested eight people who reported a suspected case.

149,000

people in modern slavery in Mauritania in 2021, by Walk Free's estimate

All forms, not only slavery by descent. Global Slavery Index 2023. [1]

0

hereditary-slavery convictions reported in 2024-25 and in 2025-26

April 2024 to March 2026. US State Dept, TIP 2025 and 2026. [2][3]

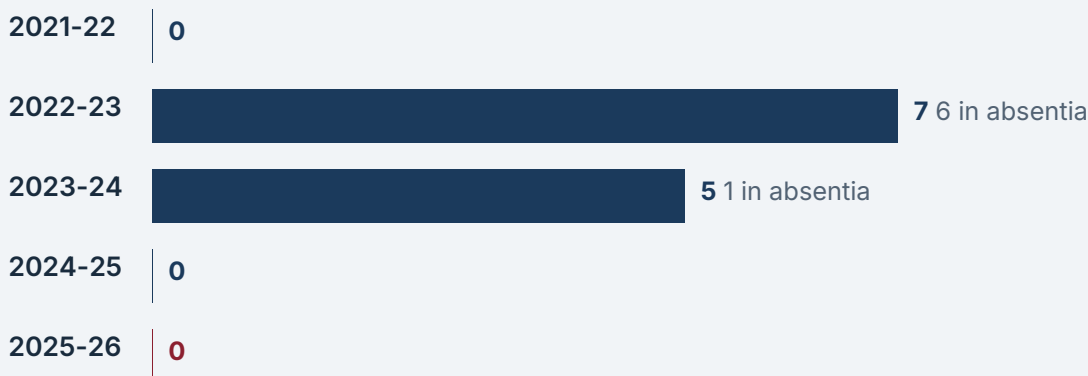
8

anti-slavery defenders arrested in Feb 2026 after reporting a suspected case

The slavery complaint was dropped. FIDH/OMCT. [4][5] Three got four years. [6][7]

MAURITANIA / HEREDITARY-SLAVERY CONVICTIONS REPORTED PER YEAR

As reported by the government to the US State Department, April to March: 12 in five years, 7 in absentia.



Source: US Department of State, Trafficking in Persons Reports 2022-2026, Mauritania, Prosecution sections. [8][9][10][3][2]

THE ASK

Ask your government to raise the three jailed activists on the next page by name with Mauritania, and to ask why the slavery complaint they reported was dropped.

These are some of the names.

Three are in prison for reporting a suspected case of slavery. A court convicted four police officers of torturing the fourth, a Haratine rights activist, to death. Status as reported by the cited sources on the date shown.

Portrait pending permission



JAILED

Abdallahi Abou Diop
Mauritania · Jailed since 16 Feb 2026
IRA's human rights officer, held after IRA reported that an 11-year-old Haratine girl was kept in domestic servitude. Prosecutors dropped that complaint; in August 2026 a court gave him four years. The state says IRA's evidence was fabricated. [src]

Portrait pending permission



JAILED

Elhaj Elid
Mauritania · Jailed since 16 Feb 2026
IRA national coordinator, sentenced to four years in the same case. [src]

Portrait pending permission



JAILED

Bounass Hmeida
Mauritania · Jailed since 16 Feb 2026
IRA deputy national coordinator, sentenced to four years in the same case. [src]

Portrait pending permission



KILLED

Souvi Ould Cheine
Mauritania · Died Feb 2023
Haratine rights activist held over a debt. In 2024 four police officers got life sentences for torturing him to death. [src]

No portraits cleared yet; silhouettes mark pending permissions.

Three things a government can do this year

Editorial options from Libera Mondo, separate from the findings. Adapt them to your parliament's powers.

1 Free the three who reported a case.

Abdallahi Abou Diop, Elhaj Elid and Bounass Hmeida are serving four years. Raise them by name in bilateral talks, and ask Mauritania how it is applying the UN review recommendation it accepted in 2026 to prevent arbitrary arrests of rights defenders. [11]

Who holds the lever: Foreign ministry; embassy in Nouakchott; delegation to the UN Human Rights Council | **What counts as progress:** Release or acquittal on appeal; an independent check on the girl's welfare

2 Help the special court convict.

Since 2025 one special court hears all slavery cases. In its first full year it reported no hereditary-slavery convictions. Offer funding for victims' legal aid, travel and witness protection, which the UN Special Rapporteur found lacking, tied to published case-by-case results. [2][12]

Who holds the lever: Development ministry; EU delegation; ILO and OHCHR programmes in Mauritania | **What counts as progress:** Published case data; hereditary-slavery convictions with sentences served

3 Use the EU migration partnership.

The EU's 2024 partnership with Mauritania carries EUR 210 million and refers to respect for human rights. Ask that its reviews cover the identity papers that communities once held in slavery struggle to obtain, and the treatment of people who report slavery. [13][3]

Who holds the lever: European Commission; Council of the EU; members of the European Parliament | **What counts as progress:** A public human-rights review of the partnership that addresses both

ONE QUESTION TO TABLE

What has the government done to raise with Mauritania the four-year sentences of Abdallahi Abou Diop, Elhaj Elid and Bounass Hmeida, jailed after they reported a suspected case of child slavery, and to ask that the complaint itself be investigated?

Keep in view. Mauritania told the UN in 2026 that slavery has been eradicated, while acknowledging its legacy; prosecutors say the IRA's evidence in the 2026 case was fabricated. Not every Haratine is enslaved: the UN Special Rapporteur found chattel slavery persists but is less common, alongside dependence and discrimination. [11][12][14]

Reading the numbers. Walk Free's figure is a modelled estimate covering forced labour and forced marriage, not a count. Conviction figures are those the government reported to the US State Department; the 2026 report warns its overall trafficking data may double-count. Mauritania collects no ethnic data, so no population share is charted. [1][2][12]

Congolese civilians

Eastern DR Congo: North Kivu, South Kivu and Ituri

In eastern Congo, 3.4 million people are displaced, and services registered over 90,000 cases of sexual violence in nine months of 2025. Donors funded barely a quarter of the UN appeal.

3.4 million

People displaced in Ituri, North and South Kivu, March 2026

OCHA, cited by the UN Group of Experts.
Over 5.7 million across DR Congo. [1]

90,199

Cases of sexual violence registered in eastern DR Congo, Jan-Sep 2025

About 330 a day, mainly by armed actors. Service-provider count in five provinces, UN Secretary-General. [2]

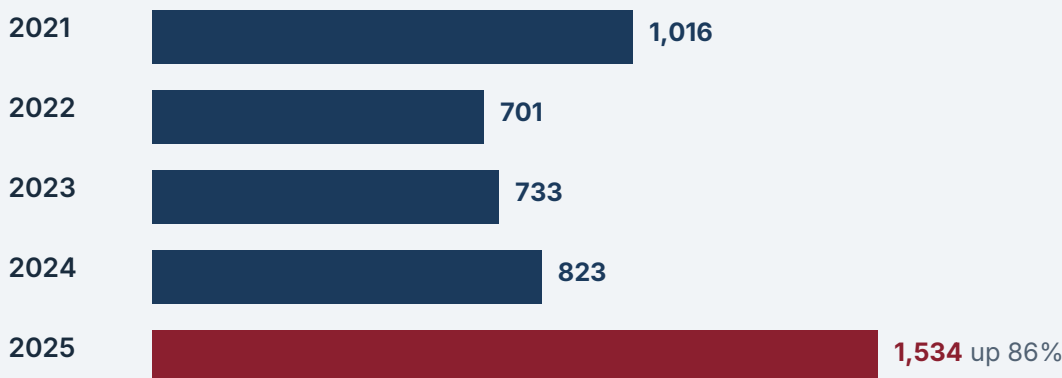
26.9%

Share of the UN's 2025 aid appeal for DR Congo that donors funded

\$682m of \$2.54bn. The 2026 appeal, raised to \$2.13bn for Ebola, is 53.8% funded. OCHA FTS. [3][4]

DR CONGO / SEXUAL VIOLENCE VERIFIED BY THE UN

Cases MONUSCO verified each year: a strict minimum. In 2025, 439 implicated M23 and 285 the Congolese army.



Source: UN Secretary-General, annual reports on conflict-related sexual violence, 2022-2026 (S/2026/321, paras. 29-30). [2][12]

THE ASK

Ask your government to seek news of the people on the next page by name: from M23 and Rwanda for those M23 took, and from Kinshasa for those it holds.

These are some of the names.

Each figure on page 1 is made of people like these. The ADF, an Islamic State affiliate, killed over 1,000 civilians in 2025, UN experts found. [1] Status as reported by the cited sources on the date shown.

Portrait pending permission

DISAPPEARED

Aloys Bigirumwami
Goma, North Kivu · Last seen 13 May 2025
Human rights defender with the youth movement LUCHA. In an M23 raid on Goma, the M23-appointed mayor picked him out and accused him, without evidence, of holding weapons. He was driven off in an M23 vehicle; not seen since, Amnesty says. [src]

Portrait pending permission

DETAINED

Clovis Mutsuva
Beni, North Kivu · Held since Jul 2026
LUCHA activist held after a video criticising the army's response to ADF killings. A military court is to try him. [src]

Portrait pending permission

KILLED

Delcat Idengo
Goma, North Kivu · 13 Feb 2025
Protest singer, jailed by Kinshasa from 2021 to 2023; HRW says M23 fighters shot him dead in Goma. [src]

Portrait pending permission

DISAPPEARED

Patient Basimike
Munya, South Kivu · Last seen 17 Dec 2025
Medical-institute worker taken from a school by men witnesses took for M23 fighters. Not seen since, Amnesty says. [src]

Portrait pending permission

KILLED

Nzanzu Mangese
Beni, North Kivu · 31 May 2026
Indigenous comedian killed with relatives in an attack by suspected ADF fighters, Radio Moto reports. [src]

Portrait pending permission

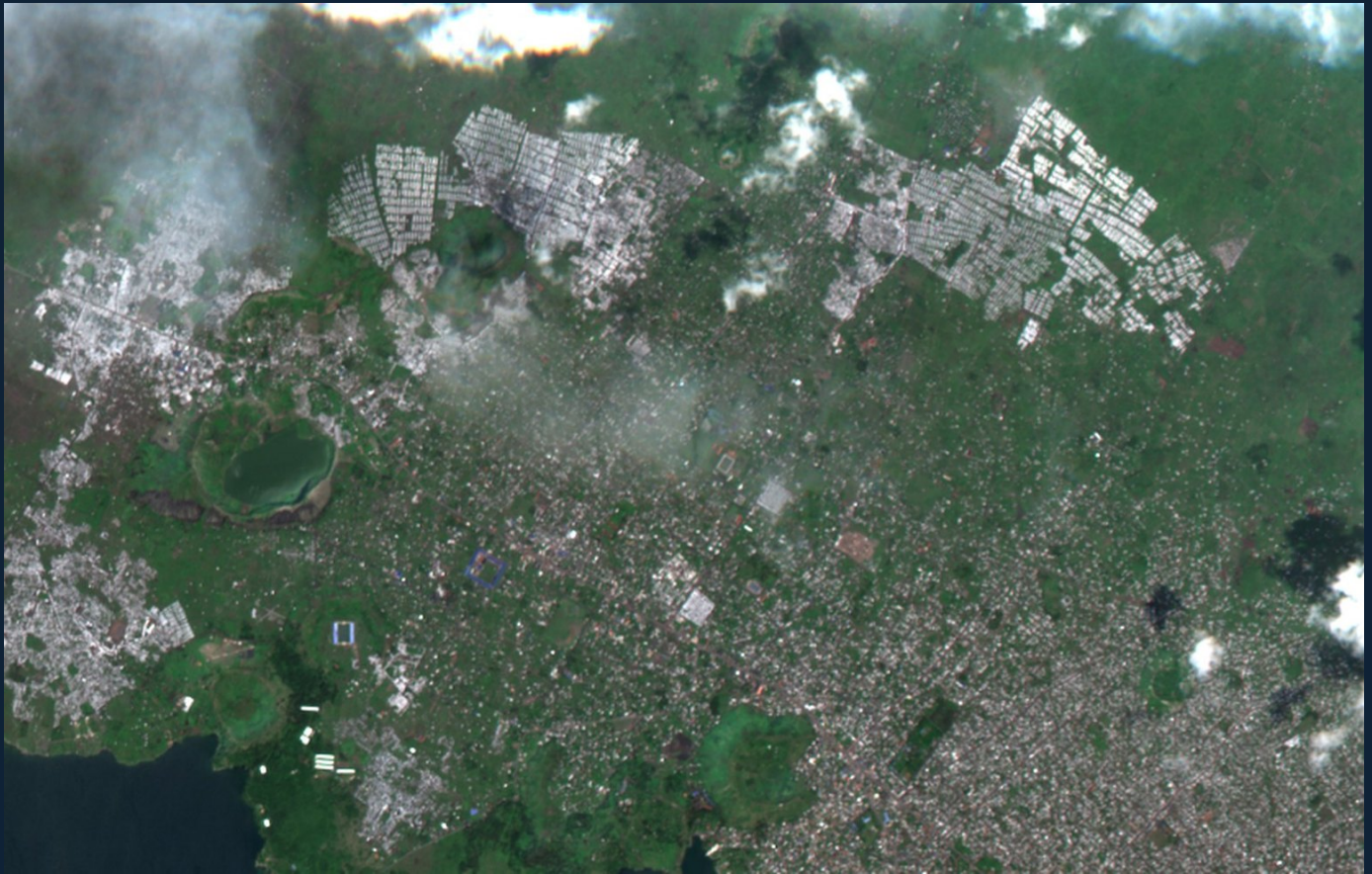
KILLED

Pierre Byamungu Katema
Kalehe, South Kivu · 12 Feb 2025
LUCHA student activist, 27, shot with four others after M23 forced them to carry materiel, LUCHA says. [src]

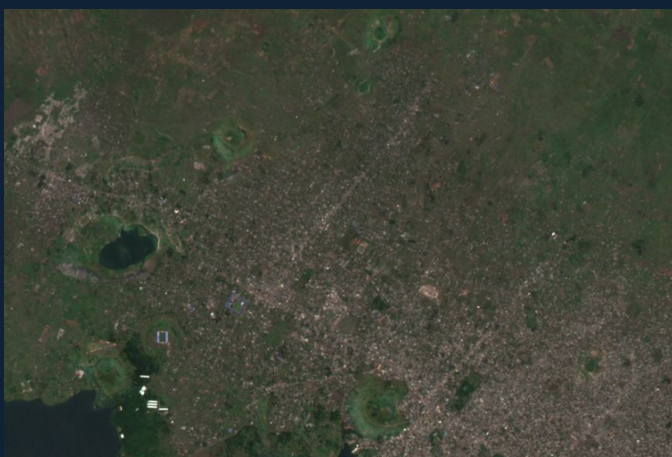
No portraits cleared yet; silhouettes mark pending permissions.

Where the camps stood

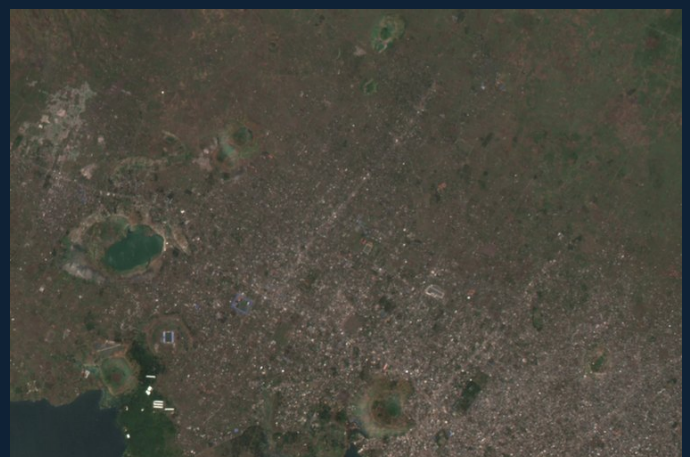
In February 2025, weeks after taking Goma, M23 gave residents of the Bulengo and Lushagala camps west of the city, home to over 100,000 people, 72 hours to leave, HRW found. The AFC said people were returning voluntarily. [5]



Displacement camps on the western edge of Goma, between Lac Vert and Rusayo (about 1.61°S, 29.16°E), 22 November 2024: rows of white shelters. Sentinel-2. [src]



The same area on 30 July 2025, after M23 ordered the camps closed: the shelters are gone. Same scale. [src]



14 August 2026: no camp shelters are visible a year and a half later. Same scale. [src]

Contains modified Copernicus Sentinel data 2024-2026, processed by Libera Mondo. Area located from HRW's report and OpenStreetMap. No people shown.

Three things a government can do this year

Editorial options from Libera Mondo, separate from the findings. Adapt them to your parliament's powers.

1 Ask both sides for their prisoners by name.

Raise Aloys Bigirumwami and Patient Basimike with the M23 leadership, now renamed the FRN, and with Rwanda, which UN experts say backs it, and press for the prisoner releases agreed in the Doha talks. Ask Kinshasa to free Clovis Mutsuva or give him a fair civilian trial.

Who holds the lever: Foreign ministry; embassies in Kinshasa and Kigali; Doha mediators | **What counts as progress:** Whereabouts disclosed; Mutsuva freed

2 Hold minerals deals to their own terms.

UN experts found in June 2026 that M23 taxes coltan from Rubaya and that the trade is integrated into Rwandan supply chains. The 2024 EU-Rwanda raw-materials memorandum commits both sides to due diligence. Ask the Commission to review it publicly against these findings, and national authorities to check tin and tantalum importers under the Conflict Minerals Regulation.

Who holds the lever: European Commission; Council; national authorities enforcing Regulation 2017/821; MEPs | **What counts as progress:** A published review; importer checks reported

3 Fund care for survivors and keep the monitors.

Donors met 26.9% of the 2025 appeal while services registered over 90,000 cases of sexual violence. Fund survivor care, and when the Security Council renews MONUSCO in December, keep its mandate to protect civilians and verify abuses by every side.

Who holds the lever: Development ministry; delegation to the UN Security Council | **What counts as progress:** Pledges to survivor care; monitoring retained

ONE QUESTION TO TABLE

What has the government done to learn the fate of Aloys Bigirumwami and Patient Basimike, taken by M23 fighters, and to free Clovis Mutsuva, held in Beni for criticising the army, and will it raise their cases with Rwanda and Kinshasa before MONUSCO's renewal in December?

Keep in view. M23 took Goma and Bukavu in 2025 with sustained support from Rwanda's army, UN experts found; Rwanda's president calls it a Congolese political problem. Peace deals signed in Washington and Doha have not stopped the fighting. On 12 October 2026 the AFC/M23 named a successor, the FRN, led by ex-president Joseph Kabila. The army and allied Wazalendo groups also abuse civilians. Ebola has killed over 3,900 people. [1][8][9]

Reading the numbers. Minimum counts from named sources. The 90,199 cases are registrations by services in five eastern provinces; MONUSCO's 1,534 are cases it verified. They are never combined. Displacement is an OCHA estimate. [1][2][3]

Yemeni civilians

Yemen: the Houthi-held north and the government-held south

In Yemen, 18.3 million people are acutely short of food, and the UN appeal for them is under a quarter funded. The Houthis hold 71 UN staff. No international body has investigated abuses since 2021.

18.3m

people acutely food insecure in Yemen in 2026

More than 22 million need aid. UN humanitarian plan (OCHA), Mar 2026. [1]

71

UN personnel detained by the Houthis, October 2026

All Yemeni nationals. UN spokesperson, 14 Oct 2026; HRW. [2][3]

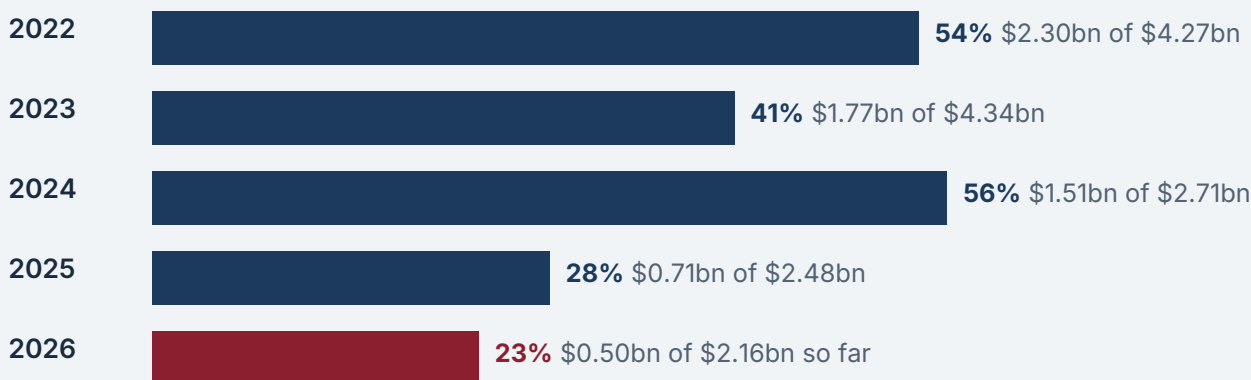
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international bodies investigating abuses by any party since 2021

The UN Human Rights Council ended its expert group in Oct 2021. HRW, 2026. [4][5]

YEMEN / HOW MUCH OF THE UN HUMANITARIAN APPEAL IS FUNDED

Share of each year's UN humanitarian plan covered by funding received. 2026: to 21 October.



Source: OCHA Financial Tracking Service, funding against each year's plan requirements; percentages are Libera Mondo's calculation. [6]

THE ASK

Ask your government to press for the release of the people on the next page by name, and to back an independent international investigation into abuses by every party in Yemen.

These are some of the names.

Each figure on page 1 is made of people like these. One US strike on Ras Isa port, on 17 April 2025, killed 84 civilians, Airwars found; the US said it hit a Houthi fuel source. [7] Status as reported by the cited sources on the date shown.

Portrait pending permission  DETAINED Labib Shayef Yemen · Detained since 6 Jun 2024 Consultant seized by the Houthis at his Sanaa office, now facing espionage charges that carry the death penalty. He caught hepatitis B in custody and has had one family visit, Human Rights Watch reports. [src]	Portrait pending permission  DETAINED Ali al-Mudhwahi Yemen · Charged Aug 2026 UNICEF consultant facing capital spying charges. His wife says he was tortured and pressed to call vaccines spying tools. [src]	Portrait pending permission  DISAPPEARED Mohammed Qahtan Yemen · Missing since Apr 2015 Islah party leader seized at home in Sanaa. His family rejects remains the Houthis presented as his in July 2026. [src]
	Portrait pending permission  ON DEATH ROW Fatima al-Arwali Yemen · Sentenced 5 Dec 2023 Women's rights defender sentenced to death by a Houthi court for aiding the UAE. She had no lawyer, HRW says. [src]	Portrait pending permission  DIED IN CUSTODY Hisham al-Hakimi Yemen · Died Oct 2023 Save the Children security director, held in Sanaa without charge. No cause of death has been made public. [src]
 DETAINED Naseh Shaker Yemen · Detained since 19 Nov 2023 Journalist held in Aden by STC-linked forces. Still held in Feb 2026, despite a court order to free him. [src]	Portrait pending permission  DETAINED Ammar Nasser Yemen · Detained since 31 Aug 2025 WFP security officer arrested in Houthi raids on UN offices. The Houthi leader accused WFP staff of aiding Israeli strikes. [src]	Portrait pending permission  KILLED Mohammed Aydah Yemen · Killed Jun 2026 Al-Arabiya reporter killed by a bomb under his car seat in Mukalla. No one has claimed it, CPJ says. [src]
		Portrait pending permission  KILLED Murad al-Faqih Yemen · 10 Sep 2025 One of 31 media workers killed when Israel struck two Sanaa newspapers. Israel says it hit a Houthi propaganda unit. [src]

Photo: Naseh Shaker by Abdullah Ahmed M (CC BY-SA 4.0, via Wikimedia Commons). Other portraits pending permission. Grayscale and cropped.

Three things a government can do this year

Editorial options from Libera Mondo, separate from the findings. Adapt them to your parliament's powers.

1 Get the detained aid workers out.

Raise Labib Shayef, Ali al-Mudhwahi and the other detained UN and aid staff by name, through the UN Special Envoy and states that talk to Sanaa. Ask for the espionage charges to be dropped and for family, lawyer and ICRC access. Press Aden to carry out the court order freeing Naseh Shaker.

Who holds the lever: Foreign ministry; embassies in the Gulf; delegation to the UN | **What counts as progress:** Releases; charges dropped; first ICRC visits

2 Fund the people who are going hungry.

The UN's 2026 plan for Yemen seeks \$2.16 billion and had received less than a quarter by October. Pay a fair share, early and flexibly, through partners that can still reach people on both sides of the front line, and ask peers to match it.

Who holds the lever: Development ministry; parliamentary budget committee | **What counts as progress:** Pledge disbursed; plan funding above 2025's 28%

3 Bring back an independent investigator.

Since 2021 no international body has gathered evidence of abuses in Yemen by any party: the Houthis, government and southern forces, or foreign air forces. Back a new independent mechanism at the Human Rights Council or General Assembly, and review arms-export licences to the parties.

Who holds the lever: Foreign ministry; export-licensing authority | **What counts as progress:** A resolution tabled; a published licensing review

ONE QUESTION TO TABLE

What has the government done to secure the release of Labib Shayef, Ali al-Mudhwahi and the 71 UN personnel held by the Houthis, and will it support an independent international mechanism to investigate violations by all parties in Yemen?

Keep in view. Yemen returned to full-scale war in September 2026, the UN envoy says. [10] The Houthis (Ansar Allah), designated a terrorist organization by the US in 2025, also strike Saudi cities and shipping. They are aligned with Iran, which denies involvement in the war. [9][8] Al-Qaeda in the Arabian Peninsula has also killed journalists. [11]

Reading the numbers. Food insecurity is the UN plan's national figure; the newest IPC analysis covers government areas only. Staff counts are the UN's. Funding shares are our calculation from FTS. [1][6]

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